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VOL. 7. M'KINNEY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1890. NO. 17.

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THE DENTIST,

Who captured the first premium on artificial teeth, and everything else pertaining to dentistry at the Texas State Fair and Dallas Exposition, 1888, has put in more than

3,000 Sets of Teeth

Put in the first year office was opened. I will continue to put in artificial teeth for

$6.00 A SET GOLD FILLING $1.00,

Call and see new method teeth without plates, that will not drop nor get loose, nor injure the remaining teeth, or make the mouth sore. See samples of Continuous Gum Teeth, Gold Plates, Gold Crowns and Porcelain Fillings. Emeral Crowns made to match your own teeth. Porcelain teeth carved for deform jaws, a specialty.

Gold and Porcelain Crowns $2.50 to $5.00.

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Do not be deceived or misled by the statements of the old fossilized and sore-headed dentists, whose methods of practice have long since gone out of date, and who are opposed to the progress and advancement of dental science; but call and see the facilities of my dental establishment for producing strictly first-class work, unsurpassed by any dental office in America. My establishment is conducted on strictly business principles, independent of any clique or combination or code-of-ethics influence.

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Of all kind neatly done at
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Dr. Charles C. Huxley, the eminent and distinguished Specialist in the treatment and cure of every and all forms of CATARRHAL TAINT, earnestly desires every reader of this paper, who is afflicted with Catarrh, be it local or be it constitutional, (or be it both), such acute, chronic or ulcerative catarrh, catarrh of the eye and ear, asthmatic catarrhal dyspepia and also CATABRHAL CONSUMPTION, as also those suffering from "dry catarrh." (Leprosy of the head, nose, throat and lungs), to AT ONCE send him their address, with four cents in stamps to prepay postage, for his new publication, "HUXLEY ON CATARRH," (39th edition) "New Plan and Special Offer," &c. A personal letter also sent to each person desiring same. N. B.—This pamphlet relates to Dr. Huxley's supreme radical golden TRIPLE treatment for catarrh, consumption and general debility. Address,
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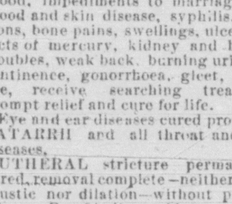

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I have used St. Jacobs Oil for chicken cholera with great success. Every fowl affected with the disease was cured by it, and I recommend it as a sure cure. It has saved me many dollars. H. A. KUENNE, Breeder of Fine Fowls.

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THE GREAT
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For Stablemen and Stockmen.
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Cuts, Swellings, Bruises, Sprains, Galls, Strains, Lameness, Stiffness, Cracked Heels, Scratches, Contractions, Fresh Wounds, Stringhalt, Sore-Throat, Distemper, Colic, Whitlow, Poll Evil, Fistula, Tumors, Splints, Ringbones and Spavin in their early Stages. Directions with each bottle.
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Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

THE MORPHINE ROUTE.

Fred Bush Found in an Unconscious State at Savoy.

A Baptist Elder Arrested for Sending Unlawful Matter Through the Mails.

Annual Reunion of Hood's Brigade to be Held in Houston in June.

SAVOY, Tex., May 28.—Yesterday morning about 7 o'clock, as the section gang were going out to work they saw a man lying on a high bank, about thirty feet from the track, but supposing him to be drunk or sleep they went on and paid no attention to him. As they passed the same spot again about 11:35 a. m. they saw him still there with his face exposed to the hot sun. The foreman at once stopped the hand-car, and on examination found that the man had taken morphine. He was still alive, but breathing feebly. By his side was a bottle labeled "morphine," which was empty. He had a grip with some clothes in it and an identification check from the Fort Worth and Rio Grande railway, showing his name to be Fred Bush. Every effort was made to arouse him. He died at 6:25 p. m.

Denison, Bonham and New Orleans.

JEFFERSON, Tex., May 28.—It is reported in railroad circles that the Denison, Bonham and New Orleans railroad will be extended to this point to connect with the New Orleans Pacific. This is done to give more direct connection with the McAllister coal fields. The line will also pass through large beds of iron ore and forests of pine which will give extensive trade to the road and in addition train loads of the coke from the mines will be used when the large steel plant is in full operation.

The machine shops of the Gould system will in all probability be located here because the quantity of both iron and wood is just what they want and they know that no plant in the state will require as much coke as this to supply the steel plant car shops and car wheel works.

Killed by Lightning.

ORANGE, Tex., May 27.—H. I. Moye, a builder who recently came to this place from Birmingham, Ala., was to have celebrated his 30th birthday yesterday evening, and a few of his friends had prepared some presents to be handed to him when he should come home from work at 6 o'clock, but the day was not to end as his friends had planned. About 2:30 a dark cloud come up. He quit work and commenced putting his tools away in his chest, when a bolt of lightning struck him just behind the left ear, passing directly through and out below the right arm, dislocating his neck. He fell across his tool chest a dead man. His family has the sympathy of the entire community in their sad affliction.

Made Good His Escape.

HILLSBORO, Tex., May 27.—Between 7 and 8 o'clock last night John W. Parham, formerly a policeman of this city, fired three pistol shots at Tom Elliott, a colored policeman. All three shots missed their aim. Parham then ran down the street and forcing a countryman to surrender his horse mounted the animal and made his escape. Officers pursued, but Parham after going a short distance abandoned the horse and dodging his pursuers made his way back to town, where he secured his horse, and before anybody was aware of the fact again rode hurriedly away. The shooting was the result of a former difference between him and the negro policeman.

The Unloaded Pistol.

DAINGERFIELD, Tex., May 26.—Tom Wilson shot his wife, resulting in instant death. Particulars of the sad affair differ in details. One account is that the pistol was out of fix and after spending some time in repairing it he was called away and placed it on the table. During his short absence his son loaded the pistol and replaced it on the table to remove the tools. Wilson on entering the room picked up the pistol, pointed it to his wife and pulled the trigger, intending to scare her by the snap of the hammer. The other account is that the pistol was discharged while he was trying to fix it.

Waylaid and Killed.

RICHLAND, Tex., May 24.—George Washington, colored, was waylaid last Monday night and shot. The contents of a double barrelled shotgun took effect in the head, killing him instantly. Upon the discovery of the corpse the work of ferreting out the murderer was begun systematically. The coroner's inquest has been in session from day to day until Thursday night, when Chance Kelly, Boot Kelly and Louis Pearson, all colored, were lodged in jail to await the action of the grand jury. A woman is supposed to be at the bottom of it.

Made Next Thing to Water Haul.

GRANGE, Tex., May 26.—Burglars forced an entrance through a second-story window at Mrs. Henry Thompson's store last week, went below and drilled the safe door, forced the spindle through the lock, went through all of the paper, stole $1.50 in nickles, took an iron box containing deeds, bonds and mortgages to a vacant lot, where they smashed the end in, scattered the papers about and departed. Their profits consisted of half a lemon, about fifty cigars and the small change referred to.

Enlarging the Orphans' Home.

ORPHANS' HOME, Tex., May 26.—A splendid rain fell here Friday evening and crops which have been cleaned during the past three weeks of dry weather are promising.

The management of the orphans' home have found it necessary to build additional room to accommodate the increasing numbers of their charges. The building will be 18x36 feet, two stories high and substantial. The material is being placed on the ground as fast as possible and work has begun.

Rain and Crops.

ABBOIT, Tex., May 25.—A good rain fell here yesterday morning which will insure a very fine corn crop. Most of the farmers are through planting cotton. A great many had to plant over. The prospect is very flattering.

Bloody Work of a Woman.

HOUSTON, Tex., May 27.—A young mulatto girl, Roe Cox, was frightfully cut by her cousin, Maud Hansboro, both about 20 years of age. It occurred out near the old Episcopal grave yard at the foot of Dallas street. An ugly gash was in the back of her neck, another six inches long between the wrist and elbow of the left arm and the third splitting a part of the two fingers of the left hand. She bled copiously from the arm cut. A doctor dressed the wounds. It occurred at the home of Maud Hansboro. She has not been arrested. No cause is known for it.

Ambushed and Shot.

JACKSBORO, Tex., May 24.—Farmer W. A. Pitts, who lives near Finis, in this county, was ambushed and shot at by two men. The unconfirmed particulars are to the effect that Pitts was in the field plowing corn. As he got to the end of the row he was startled by seeing two men spring up from the ground. One was armed with a Winchester and the other with a shotgun. Before Pitts could free himself from the plow lines which were around his neck, the man with the winchester fired, as Pitts ducked in pulling the lines over his head. The ball ploughed through his hair and took the end of one finger off. As the man with the shotgun was drawing the bead on him Pitts jumped behind his horse and thus escaped a load of buckshot.

Row Among Churchmen.

TEXARKANA, Tex., May 27.—D. R. Stratton, an elder of the Seventh Day Baptist church, was Tuesday evening arrested on a warrant issued from the United States court charging him with sending unlawful matter through the mails. Elder J. T. Shaw of the same faith and a former co-laborer with the accused, made the affidavit of arrest. Defendant's acquittal on preliminary trial, which is set for next Monday, is predicted by the lawyers who have examined the papers in the case. Stratton, with others, it seems, went off to establish a church in some features different to the old seventh day doctrine, which acts Brother Shaw did not approve and it is claimed the latter adopted the above plan of disciplining the erring Elder Stratton.

Drowned in the Brazos.

PALO PINTO, Tex., May 26.—Capt. W. H. Gordon, commonly known as Horse Gordon, living in the northwestern part of this county, was drowned this morning while attempting to cross the Brazos river at the Carter crossing. His body was washed down the river, and up to the present has not been recovered. Two other men were with him, who narrowly escaped the same fate, but succeeded in getting to the bank exhausted. Deceased was a man possessed of considerable means and was a perfect type of the old Virginia gentleman. His sad fate is deeply deplored. Deceased acted a prominent part in the civil war, having had command of a confederate gunboat during the entire struggle.

Hood's Brigade.

HOUSTON, Tex., May 28.—The following, issued by Major Burns, explains itself: Houston, Tex., May 25.—The annual reunion of Hood's Texas brigade will take place at Hempstead, Texas, on the 27th day of June, 1890, at 9 a. m. All soldiers of the Confederate army and those of the Federal army are requested to attend. Hon. Seth Shepard will be the orator of the day, and Gov. Throckmorton, if able, will also talk to the boys. Excursion tickets will be on sale on all the railroads on the 25th, 26th and 27th of June, good to return till the 30th.

ROBERT BURNS, Sec'y,
Hoods Texas Brigade Association.

Wreck Near Dodd City.

DODD CITY, Tex., May 26.—A freight train was wrecked one mile and a half east of this place Saturday night, five cars being smashed to atoms and their contents, mostly flour, beer and ice, badly damaged. Five or six other cars were more or less injured. The wrecking crew have been at work all day clearing away the track and saving goods. The wreck was caused by the breaking of couplings on a steep grade and two sections running together. A brakeman, who was on one of the smashed cars jumped in time to save his life, escaping with a few slight bruises.

Knocked Overboard and Drowned.

ROCKPORT, Tex., May 27.—Sunday evening, while en route to Mustang Island on the sloop Stella, Geo. Allen, a native of Manchester, England, aged about 27, was knocked overboard by the boom and drowned. George, or Manchester, as he was generally called, was a member of the life-saving crew at Aransas Pass, and has been a resident of Mustang for the past ten years. The body has not been recovered.

Heavy Acreage Increase in Crops.

SNYDER, Tex., May 24.—Crops of all kinds are promising and grass for pasturage luxuriant. Farmers and stockmen are therefore happy. The increase in acreage of crops over last year is very great—several hundred per cent. Conservative estimates on the number of acres put in cotton this year place it at from 1000 to 1500 acres. A considerable amount of wheat and oats were also sown besides other crops.

For State Prison.

PALESTINE, Tex., May 28.—P. J. Anderson and ten other convicts were marched through the streets yesterday morning en route to the penitentiary. For many years Anderson was prominent in the city government as alderman, mayor pro tem, etc., and was also a prominent member of several secret societies, and for embezzling of the funds of one of which he goes to the state prison for two years.

Assaulted a Little Girl.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., May 23.—William Douglass, a flagman in the employ of the Southern Pacific railway here, was arrested last night charged with assault on the 9-year-old daughter of James Donnevan. The crime is alleged to have been committed on Monday, and the girl, who was also brought to the police station, said Douglass had assaulted her on two occasions.

Editor Walker's Condition.

GAINESVILLE, Tex., May 24.—Editor E. B. Walker, who was assaulted by deputy United States marshals a few days ago, is reported to be worse than at any time since the assault was made. The men charged with the assault have been released from custody on bail of $700 each.

GENERAL NEWS.

DOMESTIC.

Helena, Ark., is flooded with spurious nickels.

Warts, the forger has been arrested in Wichita, Kansas.

Alex Starks was hanged for rape at Donaldsonville, La.

Louisiana farmers are replanting in the overflowed districts.

The bank of Middle Tennessee, located at Lebanon, has failed.

Draycut, Miss., has but one saloon, which runs under an $8,000 license.

Congress refused to take off the lead duty on Mexican composite ores.

Georgia Democracy will assemble August 7, to nominate state officers.

The Republican state convention will meet at Nashville, Tenn., June 18.

The public grain and stock exchange of New York has gone to the hall.

City of Alexandria, reported ashore on the Florida coast, arrived at Havana.

Topeka women will raid the original package saloons and smash them up.

The Ohio Republicans will hold their state convention at Cleveland, July 16.

A severe hail storm ruined crops in the northwestern portion of South Carolina.

A fine salt mine has been discovered within the city limits of Cleveland, Ohio.

George Francis Train reached New York and took a special train for Tacoma.

In Chicago, Peter Devitt cut three men in a fearful manner in a street rencounter.

At Toledo, O., a $100,000 fire originated in the Crescent Candy company's establishment.

Stanley, the African explorer, is soon to wed Miss Dorothy Tennat, an English artist.

Senator Stanford, of California, will soon visit Europe to improve declining health.

The farmers of South Dakota are jubilant over the crop prospects for the present season.

The editors of Oklahoma and the Indian Territory have organized a press association.

Rechartering the Louisiana state lottery is being fought by nearly every parish of the state.

Missouri, Kansas and Texas has leased the line of the Kansas Pacific for ninety-nine years.

The river and harbor bill is said to be in jeopardy, owing to appropriations running so high.

A. G. Haygood and O. P. Fitzgerald are the bishops-elect of the Methodist church south.

In Illinois all the miners of the Peoria and Canton districts are on a strike for higher wages.

A white man and woman sold a little child at Younsboro, Alabama, for two pairs of shoes.

Ohio wool-growers think the clause defining carpet wools is not specific enough in the tariff bill.

Leavenworth practically imposes a $100 license by her system of arrests and fines for selling liquor.

Near Yorkville, Ill., Arthur Bell, Frank Griffith and James Wilcox were drowned while out fishing.

New York hotel waiters telegraphed striking Chicago waiters they would stand by them to a finish.

The cloak makers' union of Philadelphia struck on account of bosses employing non-union men.

Fred Kennedy, a cowboy, was shot through the body and killed near Purcell, I. T., by Tom Logue.

The contract labor laws of the United States are obnoxious to Mexico and reprisals are demanded.

The Orell Cabinet company at Grand Rapids, Mich., was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of $150,000.

A gigantic flour trust to control the prices and output in the southwest has been formed at St. Louis.

United States customs officers recently seized several parcels of fine clothing consigned to New York dudes.

It is stated that if the McKinley tariff bill passes a $500,000 tin plate mill will be erected at Pittsburg, Pa.

Irene Watson, colored, was choked to death by her husband at Columbus, S. C., from whom she had separated.

Judge Stewart, of Baltimore, Maryland, holds that ex-State Treasurer Archer cannot be tried for embezzlement.

Robert Teamon, colored reporter of the Boston Globe, was unanimously elected a member of the Boston Press Club.

J. M. King has been jailed at Fort Valley, Georgia, on a charge of outrage upon his daughter. He is sixty years old.

Elzo Allen, confidential clerk of a Kansas City investment company cannot be found. He has $20,000 of the company's money.

Charles H. Smith, a wealthy business man of Detroit, Mich., has mysteriously disappeared, and it is supposed he has suicided.

Patrick Hynes, of Green Point, New York, national treasurer of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, is short and cannot be found.

At Joliet, Pa., lightning struck the residence of Henry Borchess, paralyzing every member of the family, eight in number.

Grant Anderson, while being tried at Columbus, Mississippi, for rape, was taken from the court room and hung to the nearest tree.

Lawyer Clinton G. Reynold, who was shot in New York by Alphonso J. Stephania over financial matters, died from his wounds.

Covington, just across the river from Sioux City, Ia., has been wiped out by fire. Nine houses burned and six of them were saloons.

Right of way through the Cherokee nation has been affirmed by the United States supreme court to the Southern Kansas railroad.

At Woodside, L. I., James Purcell, while excavating struck quicksand, and before assistance could be rendered he sank out of sight.

Saloon men of Topeka, Kansas, paraded the streets in a hack with whiskey, brandy, beer and wine displayed to the public in original packages.

Lighting strusk a school house at Mansville, Pa., wrecking the building and knocking several children senseless, but killing no one.

E. P. Cook of Wellfleet, Mass., received a cowhiding at the hands of Mrs. Justus Higgins, a pretty young married woman, for alleged slander.

George B. Ives, assistant district attorney of Essex county, Massachusetts, received eight and a half years in the penitentiary for forgery.

Ten crates of bees, each containing four swarms, were recently shipped from Mount Dora, Fla., to Marcellus, N. Y. The crates were securely made and ventilated, and the busy bees will have things all to themselves during their passage.

Lee May and Mrs. Lou Polk, his paramour, of Casper, W. T., quarreled and May cut her nose off for spite while the woman begged for mercy.

Judge Edwards of Call county, Missouri instructed the grand jury to indict all gamblers with whom State Treasurer Noland lost the state's money.

The dead body of a colored man named Boss Jackson was found floating in the river near Shreveport, La. He is supposed to have been murdered.

A farmer named Tucker was rowing on a small lake with his two children near Stanton, Neb., when the boat was overturned and the three were drowned.

Detective Jackson, of Tuscola, Illinois, who has been informing on liquor dealers for a fee of ten dollars for every indictment secured has been indicted for perjury.

Dr. W. T. Briggs, of Nashville, Tennesse, was elected president of the American Medical association and Washington was selected as the next place of meeting.

Miss Margaret Isabella Blaine, daughter of Secretary Blaine, and Walter Damrosch, of New York, were united in matrimony at the residence of the bride's parents at Washington.

The supreme court declared the Minneapolis law requiring all fresh meats sold in the state to be slaughtered there and inspected within twenty-four hours of killing, unconstitutional.

Overissue of stock to the amount of $75,000 in the C. T. Jewett publishing company of Boston, Massachusetts, have been discovered and the whereabouts of its president is unknown.

The recent mine explosion at Ashley, Pa., in which a number of miners were victims of the horrible flames, is said to have been caused by the carelessness of a mine boss in lighting his lamp.

The sheriff of Douglass county, Mo., has obtained a requisition for William Harlow, T. W. Berry and George Scott, under arrest at Jefferson, Wis., and said to be the last of the James gang.

Miser Hillon, of Franklin, Ky., at his death ordered his servant to burn $250,000 worth of United States bonds. They were only partly charred and $168,000 of them have been redeemed at Washington.

Joseph Butcher and Frank Perkins, brothers-in-law, quarreled over a mortgage on some property near Mount Vernon, O. Perkins struck Butcher with a club, crushing his skull and causing death.

The Kansas Farmer, organ of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, advocates the defeat of Senator Ingalls, upon the ground that he is not in sympathy with the masses, especially the agricultural classes.

Excise Commissioners James Fitzpatrick, James Koch and Alexander Makim, of New York, have been indicted by the grand jury for failing to investigate violations of elections which were brought to their attention.

At Camden, N. J., Miss Cora Walls horsewhipped Mrs. Annie E. Reed, upon whom, Miss Walls alleged, her brother had been lavishing his money and allowing his little children to go in rags and want for bread.

On the Sisseton Indian reservation, South Dakota, Mrs. Thomas, an Indian woman, and an Indian buck with whom she was living, were shot and killed, it is supposed by the woman's husband or the buck's squaw.

The residence of Mrs. E. H. Craft of Tallahassee, Fla., was fired into by unknown parties. United States Marshal Weeks is engaged to the lady and she is on his bond. The marshal gives that as the reason for the outrage.

An Iowa school teacher who was too familiar with the wife of C. M. Chambers, who resides near Thurman, was tarred and feathered some time ago for his conduct. The teacher sued for $25,000 damages and was awarded $700.

Danilison and Anderson, two Manchester, N. H., boys, were arrested upon a complaint of a Mrs. Howe, charging them with sticking pins in every part of the anatomy of her 10-year-old son, burning his face with powder and leaving him for dead.

Senator Blair introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution providing that neither the United States or any state shall pass a law authorizing the establishment or maintenance of any lottery or distribution of prizes by chance.

Recently, in digging a well on his place, Capt. William Chestnut, who resides five miles from Melrose, Fla., struck a substance which he at first thought was phosphate. On obtaining a sample and forwarding it to Fernandina to have it analyzed, it proved to be pure yellow ochre. The stratum is supposed to be quite thick.

FOREIGN.

The French have captured Ouesbougan in Dahomey.

Belgium will manufacture her own cannon hereafter.

The Prince and Princess Henry of Prussia are at Windsor Castle.

Boulangerists will reorganize their forces in the deputies chamber.

A dynamite explosion at Tepic, Mex., kills four and injures six persons.

Nothing is known in Berlin and Vienna in regard to Russia's reported change of policy.

Ex-Queen Isabella of Spain is in London. She will visit Queen Victoria at Windsor.

Relic hunters are worrying Stanley, the African explorer, in an effort to purchase his old clothes.

The police of Berlin are permitting the return of a number of persons who were expelled under social law.

Canada fall wheat is patchy, but fair; spring wheat is in excess of last year and barley is diminished in acreage.

The socialists of Berlin are forming a central strike committee composed of all trades to counteract the employers' associations.

At the papal consistory to be held in Rome in June the bishop of Geneva and the papal nuncio at Lisbon will be created cardinals.

The Brazilian government has decreed that after July 1 custom duties to the minimum amount of 30 per cent shall be payable in gold.

Bismarck declares that he has retired from the affairs of government to stay, and that Germany will not attack France or provoke her to attack.

Francisco De Silva, the Venezuelan consul, son of Francisco A. De Silva, the venerable consul to the port of New York, was killed in the streets of Havana by the explosion of a barrel of powder.

Negotiations between England and Germany for the delimitation of their territories in East Africa are proceeding rapidly. There have been no definite results as yet each side adhering firmly to its original demands.

THE DEMOCRAT

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Address,

DEMOCRAT PUB. CO.,
McKinney, Texes.

THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1890

EDITORIALS.

Have you heard from East Collin?

The people of Collin county "don't haft to."

"You must vote as I please."—machine politician.

Hogg and hominy are still in the lead.

It is about time to hunt for another "owl roost."

The gag law will not work on the good people of Collin county.

The people say they will do their voting next November—for the best man.

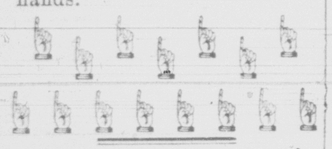
To the "straights": Pull the bridles off and your candidates may have a slight showing to be elected.

If the business men are arrayed against a commission, it rests with the farmers to push that measure through. If they are indifferent, it is lost.—Sherman Courier.

We believe there is a majority of business men of the great state of Texas in favor of the commission, consequently it will receive almost a unanimous indorsement.

H. D. McDonald has withdrawn from the race for governor—rooted off the track. We move that Hogg be nominated by acclamation.—Sherman Courier.

We second the nomination. All in favor of the proposition will please hold up their hands.



It is amusing to listen to the average "simon-pure" democrat while he tries to pull the wool over a republican's eyes by telling him there is nothing political in the county race for officers; that nominations are made to head off the mugwumps in order to select the best men (?). Then he turns to the dissatisfied democrat and pleads for him to come back in order to save the democratic party from defeat. "Oh, consistency, thou art a jewel," ignored by the would-be bosses of Collin county.

The "simon-pures" had a speaking last Friday night at the court-house. It was very amusing to listen at the cross-firing between the candidates. In answering a question of Mr. Brummett regarding a prominent politician in the "simon-pure" organization, Mr. Doggett said, that "such fellows were like an old sinner joining the church—the grand rascal would impudently walk right up into the amen corner for which there was no remedy."

One of the speakers, last Friday night at the court house, told the dear people that it was essential for the "simon pures" to organize and work vigorously, for the opposition would hold their dark lantern meetings in every school house and defeat them. Chestnuts! Go soak your head. We have slight remembrance of a "dark meeting" being held once upon a time.

BALLOT REFORM.

Several issues ago we penned an article upon this subject and at the same time promised to give our readers further information in the future. There are several questions of state and national importance engaging the minds of the people to-day, but we dare say that none more than equals that of ballot reform. The spirit of progress is in the air, regardless of the fact that hypocritical politicians and a few moss back journals are sounding the alarm of "undue innovation," "paternalism," etc. It is left for the independent press and independent statesman to promulgate and establish reforms that will prove a blessing to the human race. The ballot box should be made the safeguard of American liberty. It is putting it mild to say that the present system of voting is lowered into disrepute. In place of obtaining an honest expression through its channels, the reverse is too often the case. Ignorance and credulity has always been at the mercy of the political shylock. The latter devoid of all principle—bereft of all patriotism—seeks with untiring energy to defeat justice. Where is the remedy? This is the question that we must solve. A few years ago the Australian ballot system was introduced as a subject for discussion in the American press. Since then several states have adopted the law with slight modifications. And we believe it is without exception highly approved by the people of said states. We have a copy of election law passed by the general assembly of Missouri. It is too lengthy for publication in full at this time consequently we will only give to our readers a small portion of it. After prescribing at length the mode of registering the names of candidates with state and county authorities, the manner of printing the tickets, and handing them out by the judges of election, the manner in which the voter must enter a secret place to make out his own ticket, etc., the bill concludes as follows:

"Section 35. No officer of election shall disclose to any person the name of any candidate for whom any elector has voted. No officer of election shall do any electioneering on election day. No person whatever shall do any electioneering on election day within any polling place. No person shall remove any ballot from any polling place before the closing of the polls. No person shall apply for or receive any ballot in any polling place other than that in which he is entitled to vote. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 35a. In case of a failure of the judges of elections appointed by the court to appear at the time fixed by law for opening the polls, the voters present at any election district to the number of ten or more may proceed to elect judges to act at such poll, whereupon the constable of said township having charge of the ballots shall deliver the same to said judges, to be used at said election.

Section 36. This act shall not apply to elections for public offices determined otherwise than by ballot, to a school, township or village election when no state or county officers are to be voted for, nor to any special election held in only one county.

Section 37. The powers and duties herein given to and imposed upon the clerks of the county courts of several counties shall be exercised in reference to the city St. Louis and to Kansas City, and to every other city herein after having a registration of voters, by the recorder of voters of such city.

Section 37a. Provided the provisions of this bill shall apply only to all cities and towns of 5000 inhabitants and over.

Section 38. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Approved May 16, 1889.

Regarding this new law we clip the following from the Kansas City Journal:

"It would be difficult to conceive of more radical changes in old election methods than those embodied in the Australian system, and thus far it has proved to be an admirable check upon the political corruption which has too often made the will of the people subservient to the influence of rings and disreputable ward politicians. It completely wipes out the evils of the old system, and it will no longer be possible for one man to drive gangs of vagrants and bribed voters to the polls in Kansas City and vote them, like so many cattle, solid for one candidate or one ticket. The Australian system has also dealt a death blow to ticket peddling at the polls, as only official ballots can be deposited and they can be obtained only after the electors have entered the voting booths."

From John Johnson.

MCKINNEY, May 28, 1890.

Editor Democrat.

The owl convention met last Saturday and passed a resolution obligating the voter to support the nominees of the owl family. The bald eagles who drove the moccasin tracks back, and who had voted the democrat ticket from the start and had been a voter of Texas ever since Collin was named, picked up their hats and left the owl family alone. After considerable pursuasion a few eagles voted with them under the condition that they be left free to exercise their judgment about supporting the nominees.

The owl family surely have a hard time of it. McDonald has backed down. And even the grand orator, Negro Stokes, who helped to march the 116 negroes up to the polls to vote, has left them. Great is the loss of the "straight" owl family.

The farmers have lost their wheat, four-fifths of their oats; the wage-workers have lost at least one half of their time, some have mortgaged their teams to procure supplies, while they are idle. The farmer being under expense while the rain and cold weather and other causes are ruining his crop, is bound to mortgage his personal effects to keep soul and body together. The ex-officio officers during this time are able to build a fine house and live in style.

The farmers who are of as good stock as they dare be are working their wives and children in the cotton fields—the wives are compelled to tie their children on a quilt while they hoe a round.

The straight owl family are asking what we are going to do. I will answer as far as I know. They will hear from us between now and the first of September.

Two months is about all the time a poor man can devote to politics. Of course ex-officio men can very well put in all their time—especially when they get $3800 ex officio for each term of office which is sufficient to pay the expenses of all their candidates.

JNO. JOHNSON.

Brummett's Reply to Yeager.

NEVADA, May 19, 1890.

Editor Democrat:

If you will allow me space I will try to expose some of the misrepresentations of the exalted scribe and notions committeeman of the straight democracy of Collin county, to wit: T. P. Yeager. As to being an erring son of Adan, I am frank to confess that I am human and do not claim perfection. The gentleman accuses me of criticizing unmercifully the proceedings of the democratic executive committee of Collin county, of April 19. He then claims "no desire to stir up strife," etc., but feels him. called upon in self-defense to answer charges, etc. After failing to deny the origin of the dissatisfaction that now exists, as stated by myself, in my communication, he charges me with a flount and a paw of the earth over the manner in which the straights' committee rejected a certain proposition, or "demand." In the outset I will say this, I verily believe that there is a sense of honor lingering in the mind of that committee that is grating upon the conscientious nature as regards the manner in which they disposed of that proposition. If there is not—and mark the expression—when anybody of men in authority get so corrupt at heart that they can see nothing in their fellowman but fraud and deception, sooner or later the nation or people over whom they preside, will be found wanting.

The good book says: "Should a wise man utter vain knowledge? Should he reason with unprofitable talk?" "Yea, thou casteth off fear," etc., "for thy wrath uttereth thine iniquity, and thou choosest the tongue of the crafty." "Thine own mouth condemeth thee and not I. Yea, thine own lips testify against thee. Behold, he putteth no trust in his saints; yea, the heavens are not clean in his sight." If the crafty gentleman proposes to correct this "erring son of Adam," he had better state the truth and give the facts, as they appear, from the records, and not go off in a histor imagination.

Mr. Yeager is on print. He states that I said the executive committee WANTED the 11 punched out of that proposition. I never stated any such thing. "Wanting" a thing done and "letting" be done is quite different.

Another false impression in regard to said proposition is he intermixes it as a demand. I say, sir, that is another false construction. It was a proposition pure and simple.

He says, "according to the opinion of your humble scribe," as regards the death of said 'demands' that they were made without any foundation whatever." My friend, "thy mouth uttereth thine iniquity." Then he says, "simply because they were brought into existence without any faith whatever." "Behold, he putteth no trust in his saints; yea, the heavens are not clean in his sight." Is it possible that a man would offer himself as a "justice" to sit as a judge between his fellow-men that would take up an instrument of writing, properly authenticated and at the same time proposing to harmonize a trouble that was demoralizing the entire land, and then have the impudence to say they were brought into existence without any faith? A man in authority that proposes to examine the faith of those who may be so unfortunate as to appeal for redress will have to have a more direct inspiration than any of the high cock 'o tarum sons of Adam have at this day and time.

Now this latter-day prophet comes out in plain terms and denies, as regards the burial of said "demands" or proposition, that they received any such thing at their hands. Off again. I give reference to my statement and the proceedings of their convention. "Thine own mouth condemneth thee and not I; yea, thine own lips testify against thee." He says the entire committee, with but one exception, could foresee the intention of the opposing faction. He then gives the thing away by saying, "If there had been no convention called, the fact is, that independent candidates would have been brought out. Now, then, I want this crafty scribe to stand up and make a polite bow, and then tell the voting population of Collin county, if in case there had been no convention and we had been permitted to have had a free for all race, who would have been the independent candidate? I will answer: Every man that offered for an office would have been independent; and the voters would have been independent; and if the straights did not like such independence they could have exercised the precedented right by taking down and putting out until they were satisfied.

After spewing out a lot of his ignorance about a free-for-all race, he then says "in view of the above facts it was cheeky and undermining for those gentlemen to make any such 'demand.'" My Lord! Is it possible that a man can become so exalted in his own estimation as to denounce such a proposition cheeky and undermining?

He then takes up what he considers an erroneous statement in which I said the two political parties are about equally divided. I say take out the republican and negro vote that the straights got in 1888, and the fact remains about an equal divide.

He appears to be very fearful of my "becoming "bewildered from imagination" about a "great gain to my party;" and then draws largely on his imagination in regard to the gain and loss of the two factions. He then says that I intimated that the reason why they failed to accept our proposition was, that they did not favor a just and an economical administration of county affairs, and he claims the charge is too absurd to be noticed. I say he has again drawn on his imagination. Why do I say this? What are the issues between the opposing factions? Now, then, Mr. Yeager, why do you not give my sentence and let the reader be the judge? Now then, sir, I stated in the outset of my communication referred to, that about the only difference between the two parties is the ex officio allowance. I stated that the third-term clause in the C. C. D. platform is being strictly adhered to by both factions. Now, then, the straights have the authority and they were forced to tumble to the mugwump third term clause.

Now, Mr. Yeager, as you have referred to our condition prior to '86 and in so doing you stated "that we had as good a set of officers with one or two exceptions." Now, then, tell the "reasoning portion" of the voters of Collin county, as you have pointed "with pride to ex-Judge Wolfe," I say, tell the people if he were not county judge when Col. Oglesby's name stood prominent in our state as comptroller of the state; and if the said judge did not know at that time, and before that time, that there was crookedness in our county affairs? And if said judge did no approve Oglesby's bond as tax collector of Collin county? And if said Wolfe did not go to Austin in the interest of Oglesby's bondsmen? And then I demand, sir, that you state how much the county and state lost in those good old days? And also the amount compromised and the amount collected from those bonds and who did it? Now, then, sir, it matters not to me where Merrill Johnson nor J. N. Gibson is, what we wish to know now is, where the money has gone to, and while you are on that line, tell the amount the present commissioners' court lost to the county when they dismissed the bond in the Oglesby case, and as it gives you so much pride to tell the people things, tell them the date that the state of Texas obtained judgment against Oglesby's bondsmen, and then tell them the date when the present commissioners dismissed the county bonds against Oglesby.

Now, then, Mr. Yeager, I demand an answer to the questions propounded, and you certainly can answer unless you strained your ability on futures in your last article.

On closing his dialect the gentlemen can see no just grounds for a split in the party. Oh, my!

In conclusion, I will say the tactics those gentlemen have resorted to are somewhat strange. The first shot or two was fired by the best gun they have in the command, and that was the old fouling piece they captured from us two years ago, and she is a good one. She used to shoot for the "mugs." The next to be heard from was Capt. Doggett. Of course, the captain is an inferior gun to the old fouling piece, but he did his best; and I am of the opinion that they came to the conclusion the Collin County Democrats were so weak that it would be useless to shoot such large guns and as a matter of economy they turned their little squirt-gun loose. So look out, mugs.

Yours truly,

W. H. BRUMMETT.

Farmer's Institute.

Editor Democrat.

As the DEMOCRAT has ever manifested a deep interest in the welfare and general prosperity of the farmers and has freely opened its columns to them to use them in the investigation of such subjects and speaking of such matters as may most interest them, I ask permission to speak through its columns to the farmers of Collin county and their friends with reference to farmers' institutes. I am aware of the fact that many of your readers have been reading of farmers' institutes and their workings in Texas Farm and Ranch, and I am further aware that perhaps many of our farmers have not had their attention called to the subject of institutes, and hence know but little or nothing of the objects and purposes of farmers' institutes, or the actual benefits farmers may derive from attending upon and participating in them.

It is to be regretted that there are many who look with suspicion upon any effort that farmers may make to meet and discuss subjects of interest to themselves. I hope I will be pardoned for saying just here, that farmers' institutes are held for the sole purpose of being of actual practical benefit to farmers, stock raisers, dairymen, horticulturists, etc.; and do not propose to antagonize anybody or anything except laziness, carelessness, ignorance, stupidity, and, as Jeff Wellborne terms it, "this cut-throat system of farming."

Why not the live, wide awake farmers of Collin county meet in grand mass meeting and discuss the best methods of raising cotton, corn, wheat and in fact everything that farmers raise? Especially would we like to investigate, discuss, cuss, etc., the boll worm, that if by any means we may rid ourselves of this terrible pest, which is annually destroying millions of dollars worth of our cotton.

The one great need of our farmers to-day is to meet and exchange views on the best methods of farming; to tell each other of our successes and failures; to ask and answer questions; to invite men of large experiences and general information—men who are live, wide-awake, keeping themselves abreast of the times; men who read, study, investigate; men who have been experimenting and are full of practical information, to meet with us and give us the benefit of what they know. We especially need the counsel and advice of our best and most practical business men, merchants, lawyers, doctors and anybody and everybody who would like to meet with us and give us the benefit of what they know.

If Collin county farmers will speak out and say that they would like to have such a meeting we can have the assistance of some of the A. & M. college professors. They will gladly meet with us. And these men are full of the most valuable information and practical suggestions to farmers. And there are other prominent men in the state who would gladly embrace such an opportunity to meet with old Collin county. What say you, Uncle Mike, Sancho Panza and others? Shall we have a farmers' institute in Collin county? Save time this summer, speak out and tell us what you think of it.

I scarcely need say to my alliance and grange brethren, that you need not have any fears of farmers' institutes. You have only to meet and become better acquainted with farmers' institutes and you will admire them. And to my political friends, I may say your politics shall not be interfered with, as we do not allow the discussion or mention of partisan politics, except it be that some gentleman may be like the man who was so fond of pudding that he could not in conversation complete a sentence without using the word "pudding." There are some men so full of partisan politics that they can scarcely talk without ringing them in. Well, in all such cases we just "excuse haste and bad spellin'" and go right on.

Now, Brother Kirkpatrick, shall we hear from you? I know you are all right and in full sympathy with this grand move.

R. F. BUTLER.

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M. ARON.

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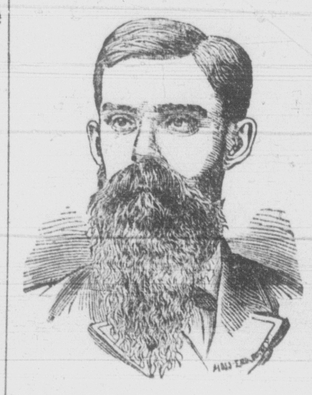
THE RECTUM!



Rupture,
Hydrocele,
Varicocele,
Piles,
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Ulceration of Rectum

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Below will be found a list of the prizes which will be drawn on

June 27, 1890,

At Zacatecas, Mexico, and continued monthly thereafter.

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100,000 Tickets at $10.00; Halves $5.00; Tenths, $1.00; American Currency.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 PRIZE OF	$150,000 is	$150,000
1 PRIZE OF	50.000 is	50,000
1 PRIZE OF	25,000 is	25,000
3 PRIZES OF	10,000 are	30,000
2 PRIZES OF	5,000 are	10,000
5 PRIZES OF	2,000 are	10,000
10 PRIZES OF	1,000 are	10,000
20 PRIZES OF	500 are	10,000
200 PRIZES OF	200 are	40,000
300 PRIZES OF	150 are	45,000
500 PRIZES OF	100 are	50,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.		
150 PRIZES OF	$150 are	$22,500
150 PRIZES OF	100 are	15,000
150 PRIZES OF	50 are	7,500
999 Terminal Prizes of 50 are		49,950
2492		$524,950

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AGENTS WANTED in every city and town in United States and British America.

The payment of prizes is guaranteed by a special deposit of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000), with the state government, and approved by Jesus Arechiga, governor.

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"I certify that with the state treasurer all necessary guarantees are deposited, assuring full payment of all prizes of this drawing."

HERMINIO ARTEAGA, Interventor.

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Remittances must be either by New York draft, Express or registered letter, American money. Collections can be made by Express companies or banks. Ticket sent direct to management will be paid by drafts on New York, Montreal, St. Paul, Chicago, San Francisco or City of Mexico. For further information address

JAUN PEDAD, Manager,
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Female Bitters

A Powerful Uterine Tonic and Female Regulator for the Cure of all Female Complaints and Irregularities. For sale by all druggists. "Family Medical Adviser" mailed FREE on application to

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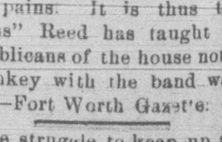
NO MORE EYE-GLASSES



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Producing Long-Sightedness, & Restoring the Sight of the Old.

Cures Tear Drops, Granulations, Stye Tumors, Red Eyes, Matted Eye Lashes, AND PRODUCING QUICK RELIEF AND PERMANENT CURE.

Also, equally efficacious when used in other maladies, such as Ulcers, Fever Sores, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Burns, Piles, or wherever inflammation exists. MITCHELL'S SALVE may be used to advantage.

Sold by all Druggists at 25 Cents.

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Our Perfection Syringe free with every bottle. Does not stain. Prevents stricture. Cure gomorrhœa and gleet in 1 to 4 days. Ask druggists. Sent to any address for ONE DOLLAR.

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Don't Monkey with the Band Wagon.

Ben Butterworth says he voted for the McKinley bill because he thought it better to jump in the wagon and ride with the rest than to stand in front of the team and try to stop it with a bludgeon only to be knocked down and run over for his pains. It is thus that "Boss" Reed has taught the republicans of the house not to "monkey with the band wagon."—Fort Worth Gazette.

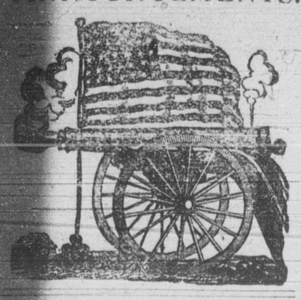
The struggle to keep up appearances is an obstruction in the path of success.

For Sale.

Fifty-acre farm, well improved, water and pasture, well located. A bargain can be had in this place. Call on

J. S. JENKINS,
McKinney, Tex.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.



We are authorized to announce R. D. ALLISON as a candidate for re-election to the office of representative to the lower house of the state legislature.

We are authorized to announce JOHN Y. BOWEN as a candidate for commissioner of precinct No. 2.

LOCAL NEWS.

Ernest Ditto was in the city this week.

If you want lots of groceries for little money go to Shrader & Bryan.

Mrs. Gordon, we are sorry to learn, is very sick.

For fresh groceries at low prices go to Shrader & Bryan.

☞Bargains in shoes and slippers at the Mississippi store.

We regret to learn that Miss Mamie Douthitt was sick this week.

☞Handsomest line white goods in the city at the Mississippi store and prices always the lowest.

The popular grocery firm of McKinney is Shrader & Bryan.

Some of the "straight" boys kicked.

☞Ladies' and Misses' silk mitts at Mississippi store from 15c up.

Parties having any goods to sell at auction will do well to call on W. C Morgan.

Clint Thompson and W. A. Walcott went fishing last Saturday evening and caught—themselves in a drenching rain

Before you purchase your groceries call on Shrader & Bryan's and get their prices

It was called a democratic primary, yet the usual invitation was extended to republicans to walk up and vote.

☞Our inducements for trade: Good goods and low prices. MURPHY, PERRY & CO.

☞Go to Shrader & Bryan with your produce. They will pay you more for it than any other firm in McKinney.

It rained on Friday night, consequently the town was full of people on Saturday, and yet only 499 votes were cast in the primary.

☞When you come to McKinney do your trading at the Mississippi store and you will go home in a good humor.

The "pizen" was dexterously scattered and will promptly have its effect next Saturday.

When all other remedeis fail try Lone Star Catarrh Cure. Bristol Bros.

☞You will find it a pleasure to trade at the Mississippi Store for we always have an abundance of good goods at lowest prices and plenty of ice water for all our customers.

The number of votes cast in the primary last Saturday proves conclusively that our "free-for-all-race" idea is indorsed by the people.

You will get cash for your butter and eggs by taking them to Shrader & Bryan.

☞Polish for tan shoes at the Mississippi Store.

Smith Bros.

Keep on hand fresh drugs, patent medicines of all kinds also toilet articles of any description; in fact, everything in the drug line. Call and see them, east side of the square.

From a telegraph report we learn that Judge H. O. Head has resigned his position as judge of this judicial district.

R. M. Hall, candidate for governor, spoke here yesterday evening to a comparatively small but an appreciative audience. He spoke from manuscript. He favored a commission—just for the name of the thing. He favored the non-taxing of land held by purchasers whose notes are in the possession of the state. He favored the leasing of certain public lands for the benefit of the ex-confederate soldiers.

Obituary.

David D. Baker departed this life March 28, 1890, at the residence of his son, John Baker, near Rock Hill, Tex., aged 89 years 2 months and 19 day.

He was born in Bakersville, Mitchell (then Yancy) county, N. C, Jan. 9, 1801. He was colonel of his regiment for many years; was known far and near as Col. Baker. He was also justice of the peace of the Bakerville precinct for a number of years. He was appointed and served as the first postmaster at Bakerville during President Jackson's first administration.

He was married to Seua E. McGimpsey Nov. 6, 1832, in Burk county, North Carolina, and moved from North Carolina to Parker county, Texas, in 1859; then to Denton county; then to Collin county; then to Dallas county, then to Dallas city, then back to Collin county where he remained until death. On Jan. 3, 1865, he lost his wife in Dallas county, Tex

Bro. Baker professed religion and joined the M. E. church in 1828, thus entering the vineyard of his Master at an early hour in life, Bro. Baker was enabled to devote many years of useful service to the cause of Christ. He was intelligent, spiritual and devoted to the church. Such a life is an ointment poured forth. A devoted husband, kind father, a good citizen, a noble Christian has gone to reap a glorious reward. He was ready and when the chariot of Israel came along he stepped in and mounted to God. Thus closes a long life consecrated to the interests of the kingdom of Jesus. And to his five children and several grand children and numerous friends, we would say, emulate his virtues and devotion to the Master's cause and, like his, your life will be a victory, your death a triumph, and your future everlasting life.

R. H. J. HACKER

On Wednesday night last Will Moore, an officer, captured Todd Warden's dog in front of the latter's house and killed it. The incident will likely furnish a case in the courts.

☞At the Missississpi store you will get more goods and better goods than anywhere in McKinney.

In almost every neighborhood throughout the west there are some one or more persons whose lives have been saved by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, or who have been cured of chronic diarrhœa by it. Such persons take especial pleasure in recommending the Remedy to others. The praise that follows it's introduction and use makes it very popular. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Bristol Bros.

The concert given by Madame Richard Monday and Tuesday nights at Heard's opera house were attended by large and appreciative audiences. The music, both vocal and instrumental, was well rendered. Each one performed his part in a manner that merited laurels for home talent.

Bristol Bro, the druggists desire us to publish the following testimonial as they handle the remedy and believe it to be reliable:

I bought a 50 cent bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and applied it to my limbs, which have been afflicted with rheumatism at intervals for one year. At the time I bought the Pain Balm I was unable to walk. I can truthfully say that Pain Balm has completely cured me. R. H. Farr, Holywood, Kan. Mr A. W. Cox, the leading druggist at Holywood, vouches for the truth of the above statement.

There was a party from Ennis this week who tried to rent a house for business, but found rents too high. While high rents are a good indication of a substantial city, yet we believe that property holders should be more reasonable in their demands in order to encourage a more healthful immigration into our midst.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise. A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Kidneys and Liver, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum, and other affections caused by inpure blood. Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all malarial fevers. For cure of headache, constipation and indigestion try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Price 50c and $1 at E. N. McAulay & Bro., McKinney, Texas.

Maj. E. F Brown of Sherman was in the city yesterday.

Nale & Dies sell stoves cheap.

Some of the boxes did not even materialize last Saturday.

Nale & Dies sell queens ware and glassware cheap.

☞See R. M. Board before purchasing your summer wear. He will sell to you cheap.

In the primaries last Saturday only about one-fourth of the county vote was polled.

☞Don't forget to call at the Racket store to buy the best and cheapest articles.

W. C. Morgan of the Racket store is jaunting around Corpus Christi in search of health.

☞Go to R. M. Board and be convinced that he handles the best goods on the market.

☞The Racket store is receiving new goods which will be sold cheaper than ever.

Dr. J. E. Gibson returned last Friday from a pleasant visit to friends in Tennessee.

Nale & Dies sell tinware and cutlery cheap.

☞If you wish to find the Racket store call on the west side of the square, where you can purchase everything cheap.

A local option election will be held on the 7th of June next in the Blue Ridge precinct.

☞The rush is to see R. M. Board's mammoth stock of dry-goods.

☞Corn and oats taken at the highest market price in exchange for lumber, at Nenney & Pardue's. 37-1y

☞Call at Church's studio 804 Elm street, Dallas, Tex., and see the photographs made in Texas.

Correspondents should send their communications so as to reach us by Monday.

☞R. M. Board is still on deck with a large stock of dry-goods which he will sell cheap to the farmers of Collin county.

☞Farmers, bring your family to the Racket store before you purchase elsewhere. New goods are are arriving and will be sold cheaper than ever.

We have received several communications too late for this issue. They will appear in our next.

Try Sugar Chill Cure, sold on a guarantee, the only chill medicine on the market that is perfectly tasteless. Call on your druggist for it. Bristol Bros.

Joe Horton of H. C. Herndon's drug store returned home from Mexico this week, where he had been on a pleasure trip

For any disease arising from impure blood take Dr. Thurmond's Lone Star Blood Syrup, the greatest blood medicine on earth. Bristol Bros.

Brice Austin of Weston was in the city Tuesday.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for cuts, bruisks, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, childblains, corns and all skin eruptions and Positively cures Piles, or no money required. it is guaranteed to zile perfec tsatfacsion, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per bo For Sale By E N McAULAY and Bro

A dog was shot on the square last Saturday. It was thought to be a mad dog.

☞Spend your cash at R. M. Board's and get bargains in dry goods.

Miss Florence Horn of Rhea's mill is visiting friends in the city.

E. C. Kitchen of Brownwood, Texas, says: "I would not take $1,000 for what Dr. Thurmond's Catarrh Cure did for me." Bristol Bros,

We are in receipt of a catalogue of flowers from S. L. Russell, the Broadway florist, Denver, Colo. All in need of fine flowering plants should write him.

At Cost! At Cost!

I take pleasure in informing the ladies that I will from this date until September 1st, sell them millinery and notions at cost. I will carry, during the entire season, the choice new shapes in hats and bonnets and the trimmings necessary for them. On Wednesday and Saturday of each week I will have special sales in goods including pattern hats. Extending you a cordial invitation to call and see that I mean the above, I am respectfully,

MRS. FANNIE JOHNSON.

Jacob Aron was in Dallas last Monday.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surface. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co.

☞Sold by druggists, price 75 cents per bottle.

We had the pleasure of examining "Gathered Leaves," a beautiful and choice selection of poems by Mrs. Lou S. Bedford. The book is handsome and neatly bound and well worth the small sum of $1.50, the price of the book. We notice recommendations from leading poets of the day. Any one wanting the book may address Mrs. Lou S. Bedford, Dallas, Tex.

Preston's "Hed-Ake."

Hon. W. H. Crain, member of Congress from Texas, writes: "It affords me pleasure to add my testimony to that of hundreds who have experienced relief by the use of your wonderful "Hed-Ake." Cures in fifteen minutes. For sale all druggists, 50c.

J. W. Ray left last Tuesday evening for El Paso, Tex., where he goes in search of health. This is his third trip to different points. He returned from the first two very much improved. His many friends regrets the necessity of his leaving their midst but hope for the complete restoration of his health. Worth by his manly and cheerful disposition has endeared himself to all who were fortunate enough to know him.

A Wonder Worker.

Mr. Frank Huffman, a young man of Arlington, Ohio, states that he had been under the care of two prominent physicians, and used their treatment until he was not able to get around. They pronounced his case to be consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds and at that time was not able to wark across the street without resting. He found, before he had used half of a dollar bottle, that he was much better; he continued to used it and is to day enjoying good health. If you have any throat lung or chest trouble try it. We guarantee satisfaction. Trial bottle free at E. N. McAuley & Bro., druggists.

Last Monday evening Tom Burks, J. T. and R. L. McCorkle were arrested and jailed in this city. They were from Hopkins county and were charged with theft of cattle. We understand that the cattle had been levied on and the above named parties took them out of the pasture and were traveling west when overtaken in this city.

Drunkenness—Liquor Habit—In all the World There is But One Cure,

DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effects results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC Co., 185 Race street, Cincinnati, O.

Married, on the 20th of May at the residence of the bride's parents, George Baxter and Miss Rebecca F. Mayes, attendants, Mr. John Dowdy and Miss Lucy Foster. B. L. Hunter performed the rites. There were quite a number of relatives present and a splendid dinner was prepared for the occasion by the hostess. All present seemed to have a splendid time.

The First Step.

Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning, you are taking the first step into nervous prostration. You need a nerve tonic and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal, healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of this great nerve tonic and alterative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the liver and kidneys resume regular action. Try a bottle. Price 50c. at E. N. McAuley's Drug Store.

J. H. Hill of Celina was in the city this week.

Nale & Dies sell furniture cheap.

A Call for Stockholders' Meeting

By authority vested in me as president of the Texas Farmers Alliance Commercial Agency, I hereby call the stockholders of each county to meet at the same time and place of the meeting of the County Alliances in July, 1890, for permanent organization. I appoint the president and secretary of each county, as secretary and president pro tem., and ask that they call the meeting together and go into permanent organization by electing a permanent president and secretary and such other business as the county organization may in their judgment deem proper. No one but stockholders can vote, and no stockholder is entitled to more than one vote. Each county is entitled to one vote for every twenty shares owned in that county, provided that no county can have over ten votes, that is to say that the delegate to the State Stockholders' meeting will cast one vote in said meeting for every twenty stockholders in his county. Provided that his county does not cast over ten votes. Bear in mind that the delegate to the State Alliance cannot be a delegate to the Stockholders' meeting unless he is a stockholder in the Agency and is elected by a majority of the stockholders. That is, if he is a stockholder and is elected by the stockholders' county meeting as their delegate, and is also elected by the County Alliance as their delegate to the State Alliance, then in that case he can be delegate to both bodies. Each county must make their own arrangements to meet the per diem and expenses of their delegate to the stockholders' state meeting, which will meet at Dallas at the same time and place as the state meeting of the State Alliance. Each county can make their own laws governing the County Stockholders' meeting, the election of officers and etc., provided they do not conflict in any way with the by-laws governing the state as per the charter under which we are organized. I would recommend that in all cases where you can do so, that the delegate to the stockholders' meeting be elected to the State Alliance. But bear in mind, brethren, that this is a business enterprise of vital importance to our people and that it has come up through much tribulation and by close and cool financiering, and that it is of vital importance that you elect true men, honest of purpose, with cool sensible, business judgment as your representative to the stockholders' meeting. For God sake don't send "Fire Eaters" or "Big Talkers."

This is cool business, and whether you admit it or not, it effects every man calling himself a farmer. I hope that the brethren who have the honor of filling the places of president and secretary in their respective counties will not consider it presumptious in me in appointing them to call the meeting together in their respective counties and asking them to preside over same until a permanent president and secretary is selected. I know not now else to have this done and respectfully ask that you respond to my request. It will be necessary for the secretary to keep a list of all the stockholders in his county, and the roll should be called at each meeting so as to be sure that none but stockholders are voting. The certificate of stock will be the only evidence of stockholdership admissible until the names are enrolled, and no one shall be seated except by such evidence. Once enrolled always enrolled. The delegate to the State Stockholders' meeting should be furnished with a list of stockholders in his county, also a certificate signed by the president and secretary to the effect that he is the duly authorized delegate, in this our first meeting. I will require the certificate of each delegate to be certified to by the county president of the Alliance and the seal attached, which will not be necessary hereafter, as we will have a seal of our own and the president will be known I will furnish all presidents who have not the by-laws, a copy of same on request, which will enable them to better organize Now, brethren, I will at all times take pleasure in giving you full information, if I have not done so in this call I want it understood, for I give you notice that in presiding over that meeting I shall rule it down to the strict letter of the law in order to get it on a proper basis. We have trifled too much in our business affairs, and must turn over a new leaf.

To the Alliance fraternity of Collin County:

You are requested to attend to the above call at once. Each sub-secretary will send me a list of the stockholders in his "sub." Do so at once.

Fraternally, yours,

S. D. A. DUNCAN,
President and Manager F. A. C. A.
Per K. K. KERR
Secretary pro tem.

Orange Blossoms.

PARKER—STARR.

Mr. E. J. Parker of this city and Miss Minnie E. Starr of Bermuda, Grayson county, Texas, were married in the presence of a large concourse of friends at the residence of the bride's parents, Wednesday, May 28, 1890, at 1 o'clock p. m., Rev. Silas Perkins officiating, Mr. Parker is the junior editor of the McKinney Gazette whose literary and social attainments are of the highest order. The bride is one of Grayson's loveliest daughters, unexcelled in accomplishments.

After the marriage the bridal party departed for this city where they arrived at 5 o'clock p. m. They were conveyed in carriages to the hospitable home of the groom's parents on College Hill where an elegant reception was tendered to their many friends in McKinney at 8 o'clock p. m.

The, table loaded with the richest viands of all kinds, the profusion of lovely flowers and the happy and easy style in which the host and hostess, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Parker, entertained the guests, made the reception an enjoyable affair long to be remembered. The following is the list of presents received:

BERMUDA.

Pickle stand—Misses Eubera and Birtie Aspley.

Carving set—Col. D. Edmond Emerson.

Berry set—Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Smoots.

Berry bowl—Miss Minnie Brown, Brookston, Tex.

Silver tea spoons—Mr. and Mrs. C W. Parker and little Earl.

Silver spoons, butter kife and pickle fork—Messrs. O. B. and C. C. Heidt, Selma, Ala.

Toilet set—T. W. Lanham, Clarksville, Tex.

Glass water set—R. F. and Miss Mattie Matthews, Ida, Tex.

Fruit plates—Mr. and Mrs. R. H. King and little May, Ida, Tex.

Table linen—A. M. and J. D. Works, Sherman, Tex.

Dozen napkins—Mr. Green Burnett, Sherman, Tex.

Han-painted pin cushion—Mrs. Eugenia Stith.

Electric photograph of bride and groom—Drs. Deatheage & Dana, Bells, Tex.

M'KINNEY.

Family Bible—R. L. Parker and lady.

Handsome stand-lamp—Dr. C. W. Parker.

Set silver spoons—C. S. Battle.

Silver syrup stand and plate—G. F. Matthews.

Silver sugar bowl—F. C. Thompson.

Set silver knives and forks—S. E. McChesney.

Silver pickle castor—Jerry Adams.

Nice Pitcher—Bettie Parker.

Silk dresser scarf—Fannie Kirk.

Silver pickle castor—W. P. Suttle.

Water pitcher—M. G. Jones.

Center table—W. A. Parker.

Table linen—Clint Thompson and lady.

Silver napkin ring—Lillie Wilson.

Half dozen linen towels.—Alice Fitzhugh.

Half dozen linen towels—T. M. Wilson and lady.

Gold sugar spoon—Grady Bogan.

Berry stand—Bob Parker.

In conclusion the Democrat congratulates the happy pair and wishes for them a blissful future, that it may be a path leading through a wilderness of flowers to the farther shore.

Judge Burk will open district court here next Monday in place of H. O. Head.

Henry Campbell of Celina was in to see us yesterday. He has been out west and is elated with crop prospects.

Esq. H. M. Rollins of Farmersville was in the city last Monday.

For Rent or Sale.

I offer my two story brick business house either for rent or sale; lower story is being used for millinery business, upper story well arranged for a family, or nice business offices; good water and elevator for convenience of building For terms, apply to

MRS. FANNIE JOHNSON,
McKinney, Collin Co., Tex.

Sugar Chill Cure is as sweet as sugar; children cry for it; don't fall to try it. A sure cure. Bristol Bros.

Mrs. Tom Dies who has been visiting at Allen has returned.

Presents in the most elegant form
THE LAXATIVE AND NUTRITIOUS JUICE
—OF THE—
FIGS OF CALIFORNIA,
Combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, forming an agreeable and effective laxative to permanently cure Habitual Constipation, and the many ills depending on a weak or inactive condition of the
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.
It is the most excellent remedy known to
CLEANSE THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY
When one is Bilious or Constipated
—SO THAT—
PURE BLOOD, REFRESHING SLEEP, HEALTH and STRENGTH NATURALLY FOLLOW.
Every one is using it and all are delighted with it.
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR
SYRUP OF FIGS
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Marriage Bells.

The following marriage licenses were issued by County Clerk Keen since our last report.

Geo. Baxter and Rebacca F. Mayes, Jim Pearce and Lizzie Harden, Wallace Stiff and Lydia Bass, J. S Birmingham and H. A. Housewright.

Tourists,

Whether on pleasure bent or business, should take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasntly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other sickness. For sale in 50c and $1.00 bottles by all leading druggists.

For Sale, Cheap.

Lot 29x100 feet, in McKinney, with two-story brick house; first floor occupied as postoffice, second floor as family residence. Will sell for cash, or on easy terms at low rate of interest, or will take a small farm as part payment, and balance in note to suit purchaser. Premises now rented for a year at $50 per month. Apply to

W. S. SPROLES,
505 Main street, Dallas, Tex.

Some of the Grand Army boys may be interested in the following from Alex. B. Pope, A. D. C., Commander, Dep't. Tenn. and Ga. He says; "We have had an epidemic of whooping cough here, (Stewart, Tenn.,) and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been the only medicine that has done any good." There is no danger from whooping cough, when this remedy is freely given. It completely controls the disease. 50 cent bottles for sale by Bristal Bros.

Tell your neighbors that if they want to keep up with the coming campaign to subscribe for the DEMOCRAT.

A. S. U.

All the members of the American Secular Union and all friends of the cause are invited to attend a meeting of the Union to be held in McKinney Sunday, June the 8th, 2 o'clock p. m.

H. E. SMITH,
President.

For Seven Long Years

I suffered untold agonies with my left leg which was afflicted with a large ulcer that eat away the flesh, leaving the bone visible, which was attende by the most excruciating pain; so great was the pain that I was forced to take six grains of morphine daily. I was induced to try Dr. Thurmond's Lone Star Blood Syrup and after taking nine bottles I can say that I am entirely cured, am 65 years old and weigh 177 pounds to-day. WILLIAM CURRY.
Gainesvill, Texas.

HALF RATE

From May 7, to 28, 1890, you can obtain of your local ticket agent or by addressing the undersigned, tickets via the Missouri, Kansas and Texas R'y to Fort Worth,

TEXAS,

And return, good until June 3, 1890, one fare for the round trip. This low rate is made by the M., K. & T. R'y on account of the Texas

SPRING PALACE

Which opens at Fort Worth May 10 and closes May 31, 1890. H. P. Hughes, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Ag't. M., K. & T. R'y. Fort Worth, Tex. Gaston Meslier, Gen'l Pass. and Tk't. Ag't., Sedalia, Mo.

Died.

All that was mortal of little Pollander, two-year old son of Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Muse of this city, was followed to the grave last Friday evening by a large concourse of mourning friends. This little flower in the early morn of life faded away with the dews of love still fresh upon its tender form. For its future welfare we have no fears, while we extend to its grief-stricken parents our deepest sympathy.

Preston's "Hed-Ake"

Judge J. H. McLeary, ex-Att'y Gen'l of Texas and Past Grand Master of Masons, says: "It (Hed-Ake) is the best medicine for headache I ever saw." Cures any headache. For sale all druggists, 50c.

The Baptist Sunday school spent last Friday on Wilson creek, about two and a half miles west of the city, picnicing. The large number of buggies and wagons, filled with bright and happy-faced children, rolling through the square and out West Kentucky, was sufficient guarantee of a pleasant occasion. And so it was. For proof of this fact, ask friends Joiner, or Perry, or Dies, or Howard, or Oats, or Stockard, Bennett, Mack, Melton, Cellas Cable, or any one who confronted that superb dinner; they have all recovered sufficiently to give a glowing description of the dinner and other pleasures participated in. Swings were flying, croquet sets booming, fishing engaged in, hearts bounding, the merry laugh reverberating, rope jumping, etc., and-so-forth and so on. It is sufficient to say the picnic was in every respect a success, and no doubt all who attended thank Mr. Perry and the committee for the arrangements made which resulted so pleasantly for the children—and older folks, too.

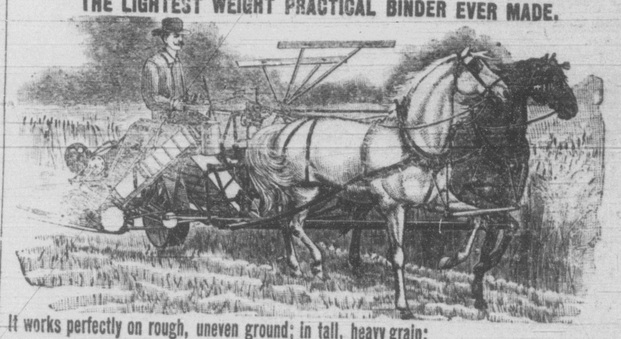
During the boiling of the political pot, don't forget the hitching rack business.

The boys came, but did not vote.

A great many of the "simonpure" voters refused to vote last Saturday.

Do You Have HEADACHE?
PRESTON'S
HED-AKE
"Cures You While You Wait."
CURES ALL KINDS OF
HEADACHE
AND NOTHING ELSE.
PROMPT! HARMLESS!!
Contains neither Morphine, Morphine, Chloral, Opium, Cocaine or other Dangerous Drugs.
PRESTON CHEMICAL CO., Galveston, Tex.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

DEERING JUNIOR STEEL BINDER
THE LIGHTEST WEIGHT PRACTICAL BINDER EVER MADE.



It works perfectly on rough, uneven ground; in tall, heavy grain; in light, short grain; in badly lodged grain. Some others do not.
Strongest Frame, Simplest Construction, Lightest Draft, Greatest Durability. Most Easily Managed. GREAT IMPROVEMENTS for 1890 place it farther than ever in the lead of pretended rivals.
DEERING LIGHT REAPER.
DEERING GIANT MOWER.
NEW DEERING MOWER.
Each the Leader in its Class.
The DEERING BINDER TWINE made by ourselves is the best in the world.
Apply to our nearest agent for Illustrated Catalogue and Full Information or write direct to us.
WM. DEERING & CO., Chicago, Ill.

MONEY!

For money and annual interest at 9 and 10 per cent. for thee, four and five years, see,

M. H. BYRNE.

Interest due November 1, each year. Do not be deceived by the vague and indefinite promises of parties that never expect to fulfill them; but go direct to M. H. Byrne who will not promise that which he cannot fulfill. He will give you the best rates of any agent at McKinney.

OFFICE IN THE COURT-HOUSE.

SEBASTIAN MOREY'S SPRING POEM

The angels pack their winter clo'es—their clo'es fum head to feet—
An' douse per mmity on 'em—an' s wat makes the air so sweet—
The flirtin' heavens they sass the hills 'ith win's an' gentle showers,
An then the jolly, gigglin' hills they sass right back 'ith flowers.

The earth, whose jints have been so stiff 'ith frosty eomanity,
Jest puts her sunshine plaister on an' goes about her biz;
An' natur', she jest swallers down her tonic of warm win',
Shakes off the blues, an' then resolves to try the thing agin.

The brook, that's been a grumblin' on way un'erneath the snow,
Breaks into sich a laffin' song it makes the May-flowers grow;
An' all the pussy willer buds jest rush out in a throng,
An' stan' there, 'ith their night caps on, a-listenin' to the song.

The brooks go peddlin' potery, the robins strew it roun',
The bobolink jest slings it an' makes the air resoun';
In flowin' lines er crocuses no man should dare to skip,
God writes his purtiest potery on his medder manuscrip'.

—S. W. Foss in Yankee Blake.

A DESERTED HUSBAND.

ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL,
July 10, 1887.

James Lofton:

MY DEAR SIR—You may come now; all is in readiness. Respectfully,

J. B. BOWEN, M. M.

I had been expecting such intelligence, but when it came my anguish drove me well nigh unto the verge of manness.

I dropped the note and staggered to the open door. The sun was shining brightly against the brick walls without, and birds were flitting gleefully among the trees in the little park before the door, as if nothing unusual had happened. The roar of clattering vehicles on the stone pavement and the hurrrying footfalls of a rushing multitude jangled with unimaginable harshness in my throbbing brain.

I ordered a carriage and was soon being driven rapidly through the streets.

On a hid, in a remote, sequestered part of the city, the massive brick walls of the hospital rose before me in its environment of trees.

After having rung the door bell, I stood looking down at the smoky, noisy metropolis until Dr. Bowen, the Superintendent, came to meet me. His sympathetic eyes gave way before my reeling gaze.

"This way, Mr. Lofton," he said kindly, touching my elbow, the first door on the right. No, not that way," he continued, coming quickly to me as I, hardly conscious of what I was doing, had started to enter the door on the opposite side of the corridor. He guided me to the right entrance and I went in unaccompanied.

It was a large saloon used for the reception of visitors.

On one side I saw a group of silent women; I did not look toward them save with a flying glance. I had thought I would be calm enough to meet it bravely, but I was not.

A dazzling film was before my sight, my brain in a whirl. I went across the room, feeling very faint, and sank into a chair before the fireless grate with my back to the others.

I heard them leaving the room, could feel their sympathetic glances as they retired with echoless steps into the corridor. The door was closed. I was alone—no, not alone, for it was there where they had left it, there to remind me with its weird aspect of my life, of all that heaven had denied me.

My mind was busy with the past. Before my inner eyes rose a picture so bright and cloudless that it soothed my aching soul.

A country farm house, green fields, widereaching meadows and rugged hills with beetling cliffs: all asleep in a bath of balmy sunshine, rippled with gentle breezes from frothy clouds and distant mountains.

The air is odious with perfume of wild flowers and new-mown hay, and musical with the songs of birds, the tintinabulating chimes of sheep bells and the bleating of lambs.

I recall a maiden's face, dreamy, exquisitely fair and beautiful in a bed of wary new gold tresses. Eyes, darkly-lashed, like the blue which great depth gives to clearest still water.

She was hardly eighteen years of age; slight and graceful. Her voice and laugh thrilled the listener with delicious melody.

I am thinking of Ethel Lampkin as I saw her one summer at her home in Virginia. Would that I might always remember her as she was then before—but I am precipitate.

I had gone to the country for a month's vacation and met her at the hospitable home of her parents, near which I was boarding.

It was but a step from the moment I met her until I loved her; it is no wonder to me now that I did so, for I had never beheld a creature half so lovable.

We went berrying together, drove along the picturesque mountain roads, read the same books, discussed their merits and demerits, studied botany over flowers which we had culled from the mountains and vales, and amused ourselves in diverse ways.

I did not attempt to disguise my love from myself, but was desirious of concealing it from her at first for something in her manner bespoke that I had not yet won the heart I longed so devotedly to possess.

I scrutinized the face, where pensiveness and unbounded joy held sway alternately, anxiously seeking an indication upon which to base a hope, but little did I see to prove that she regarded me in a dearer relationship than that of a friend.

The days of my vacation were gliding by all to swiftly. Mr. and Mrs. Lampkin, good old Southern people, had divined my secret, and I was quite sure, did not look unfavorably on my suit.

I was 28, had a paying practice established, and had come into a comfortable estate at my father's death. Looking at it from my standpoint, my future would be one of unalloyed felicity with Ethel to share it with me.

The day I spoke to her of my feelings stands out saliantly from the rest. In recalling it all else connected therewith falls into the background. I see only a sweet, capricious visage, as pensive, while I tell of my love, as melancholy moonlight shimmering through filmy clouds.

We were leaning against a rail fence by an old worm-eaten foot log, beneath which rippled a clear brook bordered with watercresses. The sun was sinking behind the hills, and the red, glinting rays were shooting athwart the lowlands.

I can see her, ah, so plainly; the little shoe peeping from beneath a snowy gown, the shapeless arms hinting the tight muslin sleeves with pink, and her little blue-veined hands, the tapering fingers of which I held, for a moment, trembling in my clasp.

Her eyes were cast down; ominous paleness had driven away her facial animation.

She drew her hand away slowly, as if fearful of wounding me, and moved, not vouchsafing to speak, homeward, no doubt hoping to turn the current of my words. I continued, however, to open my heart to her as we walked along.

How earnestly and with what futility did I long to have her eyes meet mine with the same fearless glance of confidence as before!

She seemed unable to speak, and when I left her, saying that I would give her time for reflection, her lashes were glistening with tear drops.

I sought her again that evening. Her father met me, requesting me to be seated on a rustic seat on the lawn.

"Ethel had spoken to him," he said, "She is somewhat startled just now," he continued. "She likes you very much, Mr. Lofton, and I am sure she will consent to your wishes when she has duly considered them; don't forget that she is very young and inexperienced. Of one thing I am prepared to assure you, that she does not love another."

He left me, saying that he would send her to me. She did not come as readily as had been her wont. Finally with manifest reluctance, she came out of the wide unlighted hall and crossed the veranda, stepping slowly down the steps. She lingered yet a moment to pluck a spray from a climbing honeysuckle and to pin it to the lace at her white throat.

I put out my hand and drew her to my side. When I had renewed my protestations, as delicately as I knew how, asking her to crown my life by being my bride, she consented with words so low and inward as to be almost inaudible. But my eager ear caught them all, and the broad expanse of the heavens seemed too small to afford a vent to my exultation. I clasped her in my arms and kissed her cold, partly averted cheek.

Truly, love had made me blind. I did not dream of anything but bliss. I was sure that I could make her happy; my whole life, every energy of body and mind should be bent to that purpose.

A few days later we were married. Ethel was a pale and reticent bride. She would come out all right, her mother said; it was natural for her to be so under the circumstances.

I took her to the city. I was congratulated heartily on all sides, and was justly proud of the gem I had selected from the world of women.

She belonged to a proud Southern family, was highly educated for one so young, refined, and made an excellent appearance in society.

After marriage I began to feel the responsibility of having a wife, and applied myself closely to my profession, remaining in my office the greater part of each day and seeing little of Ethel except in the evenings. I was anxious to achieve professional honors—more on her account than to gratify any ambition of my own.

Among the frequent visitor at the hotel was Harry Linton, a handsome, volatile society man.

Coming home at night I frequently found him conversing with Ethel, sometimes came upon them as they were singing, she playing the piano. I saw that she liked his company but never dreamed until too late that matters had gone so far as they had.

I secured rooms at a popular hotel. It was the habitation of many fashionable people. The spacious parlors, ball room, and wide balconies were thronged nightly with the pleasure-fond elite of the city.

Ethel liked that sort of life—she had seen very little of society—and I congratulated myself on securing such agreeable quarters.

She soon became a general favorite. She danced beautifully and sang charmingly. No party at cards, to dance or attend the theater was deemed complete without my little wife graced it with her happy presence. She would come to me at times and implore me to tell her if she was acting wrongly in participating so freely in amusements. And I, out of the fullness of my contentment at seeing her happy, would invariably answer "No."

I learned afterwards that they were almost constantly together during my absence. There had been, in fact, some gossip concerning Ethel's imprudence which had not reached my ears.

My awakening was sudden. I found a note on her dressing case one morning. It ran:

DEAR HUSBAND—Forgive me if you can; I have deeply wronged you. I am going away with a man I love. Try to forget me. ETHEL.

I hardly know how I lived through that long night, how I met my friends the next day.

I hastily turned over my business to another lawyer and sailed for Europe. For five years I was a reckless, aimless wanderer on the face of the earth, without aim save to drown my memory.

I will pass over that period.

Here is this populous city in my native land I accidentally learned of a destitute young woman in a public hospital bearing the name of Ethel Linton.

I called there, almost mad with suspense, and heard her story from the superintendent, Dr. Bowen.

It was she.

Linton had deserted her, leaving her sick an moneyless; she had sought the hospital for protection and was then at the point of death.

I was told that I could not see her, that the least excitement would hasten the end. I went away, the doctor promising to let me know when it was all over. His note came, as the reader knows, and I went to look upon the dead face of her I had loved, before she was forever past away.

A clock striking, dismally tolling out the hour, informs me that my time is almost up. If I would see her with no human eye upon me I must do it quickly.

Oh, but it is hard to undergo with that bright picture in my memory of the long, long ago.

I approach the casket. Involuntarily I shut my eyes as I advance. My heart strings seem to have turned into twisted metal encased in ice. Weighty darkness comes down over me like a pall. I do not breathe; my groping hands touch the cool glass face of the coffin. Still I delay, dreading to look.

I open my eyes, I see a face, emaciated and cadaverous; around it are pale gold tresses like some I have seen before. But it is not the face I am seeking, not the one I saw just now in the sunny Virginian fields.

No, Ethel was not so, and it can never be.

I hear the tramp, tramp of coming footsteps in the corridor and of the black-plumed horses outside.

They are coming to send the remains, according to the request of an old father and mother, back to the quiet country home where the fields are bathed in glorious sunlight and new flowers are coming to life in dewy meadows.

"Wrong on Me and Nance."

New York Sun: On one occasion, when with the government survey party in Texas, a man rode into our camp on a mule and gave us the news that a band of Indians had attacked a rancher about seven miles away. We made up a party of twelve soldies and civilians and covered the distance as fast as our horses could go. Sure enough, there were fifteen or twenty Indians besieging a cabin, and they were just getting ready to set fire to it by backing up a wagon loaded with hay. We got two of them and captured six ponies, and the others were not yet out of sight when the settler opened his door and stepped out, followed by his wife. He had a rifle and she a shotgun, and the first words the man said were:

"Now, you dog-goned onery lot, but what does this 'ere mean? Who in —— are you'uns, and what brought you here?"

"Why, man!" said our Captain. "We came from our camp seven miles away to save you!"

"Save h—ll!" roared the man. "Who axed fur any of your help?"

"Yes, pint him out!" added his wife.

"Why, a settler rode in on a mule and said you were attacked, and, of course, we came to your help."

"Well, dod rot you, you hev split all the fun. We've been waitin' right yere fur five years to hev them Injuns show up, and we'd just got 'em red hot fur fun, when you had to cum chargin' up an' scatter 'em off. It was dead wrong on me and Nance."

"You bet, Sam, dead wrong!" she added.

"Why, you'd have been burned out in ten minutes more!" exclaimed the amazed captain.

"We would, eh? In the first place that hay is still wet from the rain, in the next place I drawed out the axle pins, and every wheel would be run off in backing ten feet. In the last place we jist wanted to git the crowd in range and then sweep 'em with the old swivel I've had mounted back yere fur over two years. I reckon you meant all right 'nuff, but it was dead wrong on me and Nance, and after this I'll thank ye to mind yer own bizness. Them Injuns is gone, and the Lord only knows when another gang will cum along."

And the pair picked up their hoes and went to work in the corn patch without giving us another word or look.

What a Boy Does.

From the Washington Capital.

He comes out of the front door, bright-faced and happy. He comes out for no particular reason, save that he wants to be moving about. He is full of physical action, and must get some of it out of him before bedtime, or he won't be fit to sleep. He dosen't know this with his head, but his body knows it; for, after all, the body does a great deal of its own thinking independently of what we call consciousness. He stands on the step and looks up and down the street. He doesn't know what he is looking for. Indeed, he is not looking for anything. He just looks with a sort of undefined hope that he will see something suggestive to him of what to do. He jumps down the steps and goes to the gate, hangs on it a moment, makes a few sounds with his voice such as nobody but a boy can make, and nobody else would make if he could. They don't mean anything. He makes them because—well, because he is a boy. As if he had suddenly thought of something to do, he bangs the gate open and rushes down the middle of the street yelling like a young Indian. But he has not suddenly thought of something to do. He has simply done that because he couldn't think of anything to do, and must do something. Then he picks up a stone and fires it at a dog, and cringes and feels sorry if it hits the mark. He dosen't want to hurt the dog. He throws the stone because he and the dog and the stone are there, and it is handy to do so. For a few seconds he stands and looks up into a tree at—nothing. Then he brakes into a run again, and suddenly sits down on the curbstone as if he had accomplished something and was content.

Tornadoes.

The tornado passes over the country at from 50 to 70 miles an hour, while the air which composes it is whirling around at a velocity of from 500 to 1,000 miles an hour. It is this rotary motion that does the damages. It is caused by the meeting of a very warm with a very cold current of air, but just why that always produces the rotary motion the scientists fail to explain. The tornadoes never occur be ore 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The favorite time is between 6 and 8 o'clock. A record of 600 of them shows that they vary but little in their general make up. In the daytime you can see a tornado as it passes over the country. It is shaped like a big funnel or like an immense elephant's trunk. Sometimes they are like a double funnel, with one of the wide ends near the ground. But these are not so destructive as the ones which come to something like a point near the ground.

A Forged Picture in Paris.

About two months ago it was announced that at a certain sale of pictures in Paris one of Rosa Bonheur's best works would be offerd. When, at the sale, this piece was set up for vendue, somebody arose in the crowd and cried out: "That picture is not by Rosa Bonheur!" The auctioneer resented the interruption. "No," cried the stranger, "I shall not see the imposition practiced upon the public; the painting is a forgery. I am Rosa Bonheur, and I surely know my own work."

THE CAMP FIRE.

A GALLANT CHARGE ON LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN.

How He Fooled the Louisiana Tigers—Some Army Facts—Chances of Death in Battle, Etc., Etc.

A Gallant Charge.

I think that some of the boys by their letters are considerably mistaken about planting flags on Lookout Mountain. Now, I know what I am talking about, for I was there—that is, I was there on the 26th or on the 27th, when the fight was all over, and at a time when I was cool and unbiased, and could impartially form an opinion. As it was late when I arrived I stayed all night, and saw no "White Stars," except what I saw in the sky above.

Early the next day, after breakfast and dinner, I ventured over to the peak of the mountain and looked down, and was surprised to see the clouds below me; but when the clouds broke away the beautiful Tennessee revealed herself, and glittered like a serpent from the base of Lookout to the mountains of far-off North Carolina.

As I had been detailed for duty in the "Old Basswood" Brigade some time before, and had helped the mules out of the mud between Bridgeport and Chattanooga, this transition was wonderful to me, and I took out my old pocket-book and sketched some of the surroundings. While on the mountain I looked around and found the hole that the flagstaff of the 8th Ky. had made, but all the other flagstaff holes around it appeared fresher, and there were no crusty formations on the inside of them. At that time I had no doubt but what Whitaker's men were the first on top; and if so, they were not out of their sphere, for Kentucky wrote some of her history in Mexico, and was the first in battle under Harrison in the Northwest—

"There stood John Bull and all his men.
But here stood old Kentucky."

I have also at this late day great respect for the "White Stars," for "Old Geary" never gave his men any rest if he could help it, and as soon as one thing was performed he jumped at another, and to keep his men continually on the go he was forever offering his services to his corps commanders. Once I heard the remark at the front that the only rest Geary's men got was while in breastworks on battle-fields.

Now a word right here about an Ohio regiment and the way it planted its flag. When the 16th U. S. Inf. as skirmishers drove the rebel skirmishers back into the strong breastworks of their main lines at Jonesboro, Ga., some Ohio troops rushed up and halted on our left, and immediately I heard the order, "fix bayonets," and 20 seconds later they were dashing toward the rebel breastworks in the woods. On they go, the men of one Ohio regiment being torn into fragments by thousands of musket-balls before it reached the edge of the woods, but its survivors, with fixed bayonets, still moved on.

Our men were doing what Pickett's men failed to do at Gettysburg—charge upon well filled breastworks and take them! Men were thrown out of the ranks, officers were hurled from their saddles, and wounded, riderless horses, with stirrups flying, dashed wildly toward the railroad on the left, where they fell down to die. The air was filled with hissing sounds, and the smell of brimstone and the breastworks in the smoky woods became a wind-row of fire for our boys to look at, but through it all the survivors of that Ohio regiment moved on and took many of Gen. Cheatham's men prisoners, and successfully planted their flag on the breastworks.

That evening I walked along by the edge of the woods and observed that not only every tree had been hit, but that almost every twig and bramble bore evidence of the terrific fire of the enemy. There, too, lay the Ohio boys, with their uniforms all bloody and torn, but the survivors had moved on, and with bayonets of cold steel opened for all of us the gates of Atlanta.—GEORGE SCOTT, 16th U. S. Inf.

Fooled the Louisiana Tigers.

Some time ago I read a few lines asking for information about Maj S. A. Lefoe, whose specialty when off duty was that of teaching the sword, saber and bayonet exercise to the officers and men of the Army of the Potomac. He was a beau sabreur for so young a man, and learned his business well at the famous Polytechnique of Paris. He severed his connection with the army in 1863 to finish his study of medicine, which was interrupted by the war, and after taking his degree he went to Europe to walk the hospitals, and then returned to New York, where he established a lucrative practice.

A thrilling incident in his army life in 1862 may not be out of place here. One bright afternoon in October, while on duty, he found himself by some mischance outside the lines, for which he was cautiously feeling, when suddenly, on the brow of the hill to the left, he saw a brightly-colored company of Zouaves coming toward him on the "double-quick." At first he thought they were Ellsworth or Wilson Zouaves, but by the sound of their French jabber, which reached him clearly, he felt satisfied that they were a section of the famous "Louisiana Tigers." He felt that he was in for it, and that there was nothing to do but "face the music." Before the war he spent his college vacations with his uncle in lower Louisiana, and learned to speak the Creole "Gumbo" French like a native; and now he thought it might serve him well, if his tongue had not grown too rusty. And with what rapidity he thought! Like a drowning man, who reviews his whole life in an instant, in a moment he saw the wide, yellow, rolling waters of the Mississippi at Baton Rouge, the city of New Orleans, the "Shell Road," Lake Pontchartrain, the lower bayous, and the "shady savannas looking out on the sea." He concluded to keep a "stiff upper lip," and "cheek" it for all he was worth, and advanced without hesitation, touching his well-trained horse to prance negligently as he reined up beside the Captain, who, glancing at his shoulder-straps, saluted him very politely—our staff uniform at that early day was rather Zouavish, which was in favor of our hero. The Major asked the officer in good "Gumbo" French, what he was doing there, and the Captain answered that he was ordered to "string a line" at the bottom of the hill. "Well, you just move your men back over the crest of the hill," said the Major, "and wait there until I examine the ground, and if things look safe I will signal you to advance." "But, Monsieur," said the Captain, "the Yanks are said to be thick around here!" "Well, I'll take the responsibility," said the Major impressively. "Very good, Monsieur," replied the Captain, and both faced about and continued their way, and when the Major thought he was beyond the range of the guns he made for home like a whirlwind. The rebs, seeing they were "sold," sent a company salute after him to no purpose; but the noise of the firing seemed to start up unseen reb cavalry from all points, who ran to head off the escaping Yank; but the Major's horse, the fleetest of the staff stable, was too much for the "black horse cavalry." But the Major's danger was not passed yet; in fact it grew more imminent as he neared our lines, for a raw German on duty became "rattled" by excitement or fear, or a combination of both, hailed the approaching racer an eighth of a mile away, with a yelling voice: "Off you don't the gounther-sin gif, I blow mit the gun your head off!" "A friend with the countersign," did not seem to avail the Major, who made up his mind to dodge the ball and ride the man down, which he at once put into practice, and by a lucky chance he knocked the barrel of the musket up with his sabre just in time to save his life. A squad rushing up to the line was just in time to save the man from being sabered into mincemeat by the irate major.—EDWIN GRAY.

Some Army Facts.

New York *Star*: "The nomination of General Nelson A. Miles to succeed the late General Crook as Major General is one of the most commendable that could be made."

The speaker was General Fred. A. Starring, of Washington, who was one of the most distinguished of the volunteer soldiers of the West during the civil war.

"The change caused by General Cook's death," said General Starring, "has called attention to some curious facts. For instance, isn't it rather strange that their is not a general officer of the regular army credited to the West or South? It is a fact however, that not a man in the grade of general was born south of Ohio or west of the Mississippi. Of the major generals, John M. Schofield was born in New York, Oliver O. Howard is a native of Maine, and Nelson A. Miles first saw the light in Massachusetts. Of the brigadier generals David S. Stanley comes from Ohio, John Gibbon and John R. Brooke were born in Pennsylvania and Thomas H. Ruger and Wesley Merritt in New York. Miles and Brooke are the only two officers in the grade of general who did not graduate at West Point. Merritt won his chief distinction as a cavalryman, and all the others commanded infantry during the war, though Schofield made some reputation as an artillery officer. The most favored arm of the service—the Engineer Corps—has not a representative in the general officers of the line. Since the organization of the army it has been commanded by fifteen generals-in-chief, of whom four were natives of Pennsylvania, two of Massachusetts, two of Virginia, three of Ohio, and one each of Maryland, Michigan, New York and Scotland. General Scott commanded the army for the longest time, his service as general-in-chief being twenty years. Sherman comes next with fourteen years to his credit. General Arthur St. Clair, a native of Scotland, was the only man of foreign birth who ever commanded the army. Two generals-in-chief of the army, Washington and Grant, became Presidents of the United States, and three of them, Knox, Scott, and McClellan, were candidates for President, but were not elected."

Chances of Death in Battle.

No doubt many newspaper readers have seen the statement that it takes a man's weight of lead to kill him in battle, and they have considered it merely a rhetorical hyperbole, suggested by the fact that comparatively few out of the whole number of shots fired in battle take effect.

Marshal Saxe first made the assertion which forms the base of the above, when he said it would take 125 pounds of lead and thirty-three pounds of powder to put each of the enemy in the long trench. Wild and visionary as this may seem, it appears that there was more truth than poetry in the remark. With all the improvements which have been made in the art of war since the days of Saxe, Cassendi, the French savant, proves that the great marshal's philosophical remark still holds good.

At the battle of Solferino, according to Cassendi s carefully deduced calculations, a comparison of the number of shots fired on the Austrian side with the number of killed and wounded on the part of the enemy, shows that 700 bullets were expended for each man wounded and 4,200 for each man killed. The average weight of the ball used was thirty grains, therefore it must have taken at least 126 kilograms or 227 pounds of lead for each man killed.

Yet Solferino was a most important and bloody battle. In the Franco-Prussian war the slaughter caused by the needle gun among the French soldiers shows how much superior that gun is to the Austrian carbine; yet with that deadly weapon 1,300 shots were fired for every soldier destroyed in the enemy's ranks. Verily there was good foundation for Bogert's ungrammatical remark: "War is awful, but the noise is awfuller."

Old Soldiers Agitated.

Grand Army circles are agitated over reports of serious trouble in the Soldiers' Home at Leavenworth. Despite efforts to keep the matter quiet it is learned that so many letters of complaint from inmates and outsiders have been received at St. Louis that an investigating committee of three prominent members of the Grand Army will visit the home and make a quiet investigation.

The chairman of the committee, who is said to have a bundle of these letters, declined to let a reporter see them, but admitted there were serious complaints. It is said these complaints take a very wide range. Old soldiers unable to work complain that they are compelled to work in the brickyard at 40 cents a day; others are forced to do garden and farm work against their wishes.

It is said there is a system of punishment, including a sweat-box, giving the place the character of a penitentiary. There are also said to be accusations that letters sent to inmates are tampered with, and that many never reach their destination. Grand Army men, who do not favor the policy of secrecy, predict that a big sensation is about to develop.

Lost and Found.

Fred Mather, Cold Spring Harbor, N. Y., says that on overhauling his war relics he found a wooden pipe shaped like a lily, which he picked up in a car that conveyed Union prisoners from Macon to Charleston in 1864. On it is cut, "Lieut. Davis, Pris. of War, Richmond, Va., Libby Prison. Captured July 2, 186—" the last figure being broken off. On one side of the stem is cut, "Gettysb——" and on the other, "71st Pa. Vo." The writer was a prisoner in the car and was told that Lieut. Davis had escaped in the night. As this is a good year for returning such things, Comrade Mather having just received his sword, lost in Petersburg in 1864, it is possible that Lieut. Davis, or his relatives, might like this relic, which has no value as a pipe.

Promoting Enlisted Men.

The selection of non-commissioned officers in the army this year for promotion to Lieutenant has begun rather earlier than usual, and if the order of Serg't John R. Seyburn to appear before a board is to be a criterion, the class of enlisted men this year will receive their commissions at a much earlier date than heretofore. Seyburn has his preliminary examination for qualifications for appointment as Second Lieutenant at Fort Clark, Texas, before a board composed of Col. Henry M. Lazelle, 18th Inf.; Capt. Edward B. Mosely, Assistant Surgeon; Capt. Geo. F. Chase, First Lieut. George H. Morgan, and Lieut. John P. Ryan, 3d Cav. The same board will examine other candidates to be ordered before it.

Crookedness.

J. Edgar Engle, Assistant Chief of the Record Division of the Pension Bureau, was dismissed from office by Commissioner of Pensions Raum. Mr. Engle was one of the rerated pensioners whose claims were taken up out of the regular order, because of their being in the Bureau. It is rumored that several more of these rerated men will have to go, although some of the parties claim that their cases were acted upon in a regular manner.

A Soldier in Office.

Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, Sheriff of New York City and County, has his hands full trying to purify the Sheriff's office, which seems to have been very loosely managed for years. He says that he gets up at 5 o'clock in the morning and studies law where he left off in 1860, in order to know just what he is doing and if he is proceeding in the right direction. He studies at least three hours every day.

Do You Know How It Feels?

Rheumatism. Everyone has heard the word. "How's your Mother?" "Oh, she's well except her rheumatism." How carelessly the an wer is given. Do you know how it feels to have rheumatism? Oh! it's terrible, the swelling and the excruciating pain of ankle, knee, elbow and shoulder, just as if each point was a bundle of irrita ed nerves, each one seemingly bent on giving m re pain than the other. Laying awake all night longing for daylight, aching too severely to sleep, applying liniment every half hour to temporarily relieve the agony. Prayin , cursing, turning, twisting, but no ease, no comfort. What is it that causes rheumatism? Ah, there are a thousand causes. What is it that cures rheumatism? Thank God, there is at least one cure. It is called B. B. B., or Botanic Blood Balm. It has cured more cases of rheumatism than any other known remedy. Try it. Do not suffer longer. J. H. Laing, Dawson, Ga., writes: "I suffered with rheumatism in my shoulders and general debility. Five bottles of B. B. B. improved my health and the rheumatism left me."

J. P. Davis, Atlanta, Ga., (West End), writes: "I consider that B. B. B. has permanently cured me of rheumatism and sciatica."

Jacob F. Spencler, Newman, Ga., writes: "B. B. B. entirely cured me of rheumatism in my shoulders. I used six bottles."

Some letters are anonymous even when the authors' names are signed to them.

Winning a Fortune.

[Cortland (N. Y.) Democrat, May 9.]

Learning that Mr. Thos. Carty of this village had drawn a $5000 prize in The Louisiana State Lottery, at their drawing on the 15th of April last, the *Democrat* dispatched a reporter to learn the full particulars. Mr. Carty keeps a restaurant on Orchard St. He received the reporter pleasantly and gave the following history of the transaction: Some time during the latter part of March he enclosed $1 in an envelope and sent it by U. S. Express to the address of the company at New Orleans. In due time he received by the same agency one-twentieth of ticket No. 27,994. About a week after the drawing he received from New Orleans a list of the numbers drawing prizes and found that the ticket No. 27,994 had drawn the second capital prize of $100,000. He at once sent the ticket to the company by U. S. Express, and on April 30, Mr. Robert Bushby, the local agent, handed him the $5000 in cash. The money will be safely invested and will serve to keep the wolf from the door for many a day.

You can flatter the worst idler on earth by telling him he is working too hard.

If afflicted with Sore Eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it. 25c.

If our sins were only as unobtrusive as the goodness of others is obtrusive!

Mineral Wells Crystals cure sick headache in ten minutes, dyspepsia in ten days. Cure all kidney and liver diseases and female complaints. Mineral Wells Condensed Water Agency, Weatherford, Tex.

It is always the men who do not deserve gratitude who call the world ungrateful.

WYOMING'S CAPITAL.

In the Congressional report upon the admission of Wyoming, many facts were given going to show her as richer in resources than any of her sisters, and no territory ever applied for admission so thoroughly qualified. The report shows the CAPITAL, CHEYENNE, to be one of the wealthiest cities of its size in the world, and certainly the most favored and prosperous. The Union Pacific Railway is now constructing shops there to cost $6,000,000, and employ 2,000 men. This fact, coupled with the early admission of the State assured, is causing a rush to CHEYENNE, but her realty is still low, offering the best investment in the West. We have the best unimproved residence property in the city, and our prices are even lower than that immediately adjoining. We are offering only alternate blocks, and to induce a quick response we will, to a limited amount, take two-fifths in clear lots or chattles, small cash payment, balance in one and two years, at seven per cent, semi-annual interest. Call at our Cheyenne office or address THE INTERIOR LAND AND IMPROVEMENT CO., Department B, Denver, Colorado.

When a man becomes a little tipsy, he remembers that he can sing a little.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A woman does not accept invitations to parties so much for the reason that she wants to go, as in the fear that people will not know she is invited if she stays at home.

Woman, like a newspaper, excites man's curiosity, but he never reads either twice.

It is not her own homeliness that provokes a woman so much as it is the good looks of some other woman.

Who is Dr. A. T. Shallenberger? He is a prominent physician of Rochester, Penna., who graduated at Jefferson Medical College in 1846. In 1847 he announced the theory that all Malarial disease was caused by living germs in the blood and demonstrated its correctness by his Antidote for Malaria, which cured when all else failed. The microscope now reveals these germs, and Physicians accept the fact. If you have Malaria in your system, get the medicine and be well.

Man has been taught for 1800 years to do as he should be done by, yet the world is a perfect hell of selfishness.

None equal "Tansill's Punch" 5c. Cigar.

"Now from the virgin's cheek a fresher bloom
Shoots, less and less, the live commotion round;
Her lips blush deeper sweets; she breathes of youth;
The shining moisture swells into her eyes
In brighter flow; her wishing bosom heaves
With palpitation wild; kind tumults seize
Her veins, and all her yielding soul is love."

And why? It is because she understands the enervating influences of Spring, and this to counteract has wisely used the great and widely-known S. S. S.

THE GREAT SPRING TONIC.

W. H. Gibert, Druggist, Albany, Ga., writes: "We are selling large quantities of Swift's Specific for a spring alterative and general health tonic, and with the best results. It is now largely used as a preventive and cure for Malaria. There are many remarkable evidences of its merit in this section."

Rev. L. B. Paine, Macon, Ga., writes: "We have been using Swift's Specific at the orphans home as a remedy for blood complaints and as a general health tonic, and have had remarkable results from its use on the children and employees of the institution. It is such an excellent tonic, and keeps the blood so pure, that the system is less liable to disease. It has cured some of our children of Scrofula."

Treatise on the Blood mailed free
(Copyrighted by S. S. S. Co.)

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH.—Best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Relief is immediate. A cure is certain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal.

CATARRH

It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Address, E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

Houston and Texas Central Railway

The All Steel Rail Line. Double Daily Trains Each Way. No. 2 Fast Mail Denison to Houston. Through Buffet Sleepers between Galveston, St. Louis, Houston and Chicago via Denison and Sedalia, New Orleans and Denver via Fort Worth. Pullman Sleepers and Drawing-room Cars between Houston and Austin. Steamship tickets to or from any point in Europe.

GOING NORTH—ARRIVE

STATIONS	No. 3	No. 1	No. 31	No. 11	Dallas News Special
Denison	10:45 pm	1:30 a m	6:15 p m	6:35 a m	
Sherman	10:21 pm	1:04 a m	5:40 p m	6:02 a m	
McKinney	9:50 pm	12:30 a m	5:00 p m	5:30 a m	
Dallas	9:00 pm	11:35 p m	4:00 p m	4:50 a m	
Fort Worth	7:30 pm	10:00 p m	2:30 p m	3:30 a m	
Garrett	6:15 pm	8:30 p m	1:00 p m	2:00 a m	
Corsicana	5:30 p m	7:45 p m	12:15 p m	1:15 a m	
Waco	4:00 p m	6:15 p m	10:40 a m	11:30 p m	
Hearne	2:45 p m	4:55 p m	9:00 a m	10:00 p m	
Austin	1:00 p m	3:00 p m	7:00 a m	8:00 p m	
Brenham	12:05 p m	2:05 p m	6:05 a m	7:05 p m	
Houston	10:30 a m	12:30 p m	4:30 a m	5:30 p m	
Galveston	9:45 a m	11:45 a m	3:45 a m	4:45 p m	
New Orleans	5:30 p m	7:30 a m	11:30 p m	12:30 p m	

GOING SOUTH—DEPART

STATIONS	No. 2	No. 4	No. 12	No. 14	Dallas News Special
Denison	4:15 a m	3:00 p m	11:30 p m	6:00 p m	
Sherman	4:50 a m	3:35 p m	12:05 a m	6:35 p m	
McKinney	5:20 a m	4:05 p m	12:35 a m	7:05 p m	
Dallas	6:10 a m	5:00 p m	1:35 a m	8:00 p m	
Fort Worth	8:00 a m	6:30 p m	3:00 a m	9:30 p m	
Garrett	9:00 a m	7:30 p m	4:00 a m	10:30 p m	
Corsicana	10:00 a m	8:30 p m	5:00 a m	11:30 p m	
Waco	11:30 a m	10:00 p m	6:30 a m	1:00 a m	
Hearne	1:00 p m	11:30 p m	8:00 a m	2:30 a m	
Austin	3:00 p m	1:30 a m	10:00 a m	4:30 a m	
Brenham	4:05 p m	2:35 a m	11:05 a m	5:35 a m	
Houston	6:00 p m	4:30 a m	1:00 p m	7:30 a m	
Galveston	7:00 p m	5:30 a m	2:00 p m	8:30 a m	
New Orleans	12:30 a m	11:00 a m	7:30 p m	2:00 p m	

All above trains run daily.

LOCAL TIME CARD IN EFFECT March 9, 1890.

A. FAULKNER, G. P. and T. A.

DR. SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC

Is a Positive Cure for

DYSPEPSIA

And all Disorders of the Digestive Organs. It is likewise a corrobrative, or strengthening Medicine, and may be taken with great benefit in all cases of debility. For Sale by Druggists. Price, $1.50 per bottle. Dr. Schenck's New Book on Lungs Liver and Stomach mailed free. Address, Dr. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia.

RUNS EASY. CINS FAST. Cleans SEED PERFECTLY. Makes FINE SAMPLE. NEVER CHOKES OR BREAKS THE ROLL.

THE CELEBRATED COTTON BLOOM GIN

Has All LATEST IMPROVEMENTS including Balance Wheel on Brush which insures even speed. This feature is peculiar to this make of Gin and is used on no other. Are FULLY GUARANTEED and Are Delivered FREE OF FREIGHT at any R. R. Station or the landing of any Regular Steamboat Line in the South. If we have no Agent near you, address the General Southern Agent,

H. W. HUBBARD ATLANTA, GA. DALLAS, TEX.

"OSGOOD" U. S. Standard SCALES

Freight Paid. Fully Warranted. 3 Ton $35

Other sizes proportionately low. H. W. HUBBARD, Gen. Southern Agent, Atlanta, Ga., or Dallas, Texas. Also Engines, Boilers, Corn and Feed